The Columbian.

VOL 40. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1905. NO. 16

THE WHEELMEN'S MODERN MINSTRELS

Introducing a Beautifully, Electrically Illuminated First Part and

Calhoun's Superb Orchestra.

In just one week from this evening, the people of Bloomsburg and surrounding towns will be given the opportunity of seeing, what we think will be unmistakably this season's musical event. We refer to the minstrel show to be given on April 27 by the Bloomsburg Wheelmen. Our people will doubtless recall the very excelient entertainment given by this organization on the occasion of their first effort in this direction, something more than a year ago. But the boys have something better this time. Something superior in every way. Stronger musically, prettier scenically, and its ability to please will be simply boundless. In fact the influence of a higher order of completeness will be visibly noticeable in every turn of the forthcoming entertainment.

The setting for the first part will present the most enchanting electrical display ever brought into requisition in the local play house. The entire stage will be a blaze of irridescent splendor, several hundred electrical globules being used to perfect the scene. Mr. Harry J. Achenbach has charge of this feature. The idea is entirely one of his own, and the numerous intricate mechanical devices employed have been made by his own hands.

The musical numbers of the first part, aside from the opening overture, which is a gem, and which has been especially prepared for the Wheelmen by the world's leading music provider, Isadore Witmark of New York, are as follows, "Will I Go to Heaven When I Die," Geo. H. Keiter, end; "Jim Judson" Gere Jane, end; "I May Be Crazy But I Aint No Fool," Dr. A. K. Aldinger, end; "Man, Man, Man," Freas Hicks, end; "Tennessee," Gerald Gross, end; "Under Southern Skies," D. J. Hummer; "Down on the Old Sewanee," I. B. Abrams; "Good Night Beloved, Good Night," Boyd F. Maize; "When The Harvest Moon is Shining on the River," D. J. Tasker; and the finale "Listen to the Big Brass Band," by Hummer, Tasker, Gross and Hicks.

The second part of the program is crowded with pleasing features, and will conclude with a laugh provoking travesty on the Bloomsburg Town Council.

Another feature of the show will be a superb orchestra of fourteen pieces under the direction of William Calhoun.

The diagram of seats will open at Bidleman's store tomorrow. It is safe to predict that the Opera House will be crowded, and we would advise those who intend going to see to it that their seats are reserved early.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The Republican delegate election last Saturday was such a quiet affair that even members of that party scarcely knew of it. The convention was held in the Court House on Monday. It was called to order by county chairman A. W. Duy, and W. O. Holmes was elected chairman, John R. Diemer secretary, and C. C. Yetter reading clerk. A. W. Duy was re-nominated for District Attorney, D. W. Levan of Locust for County Treasurer, Elisha Ringrose for Commissioner, Henry F. Fraugh of Berwick for Register and Recorder, J. R. Diemer of Catawissa for Auditor, Judge Kurtz of Berwick and C. E. Kreisher of Catawissa for Delegates to the State Convention, with J. H Catterall of Berwick and E. E. Straub of Centralia as alternates. After adopting some resolutions the convention adjourned. A contest from Centralia over the seating of delegates from the Second Ward caused a ripple of excitement, but it was easily disposed of as the machine dictated, and the whole slate went through.

At a meeting of the county committee held after the convention, A. W. Duy was reelected chairman.

GOVERNOR SIGNED FOX SALARY BILLS.

Measure Abolishing Fees From District Attorney's Office Met With Executive Approval.

Salary in this County $600.

Governor Pennypacker on Monday signed the Fox bill, abolishing the fee system in the office of district attorney in counties having less than 150,000 population and placing that official on a salary.

The bill fixes the salaries from $2,000 to $4,000, according to the population, and provides that no district attorney shall be paid a salary of more than $1,000 in excess of the fees he received during the year 1904. It further provides that in counties having 90,000 inhabitants or over, the district attorney may appoint two assistants, who shall be paid not more than $1,500 a year for their services.

Under this bill the district attorney of Columbia County will be paid a salary of $600. The last census gives the county a population of 39,896, just 108 short of the number required to make the salary $1000 per year.

Fourteen other bills were approved. They follow:

Authorizing the city treasurer of Philadelphia to appoint an assistant and fix his salary.

Regulating the publication and distribution of State documents.

Extending the benefits of the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools to children of the soldiers, sailors and marines of the Philippine war.

Providing for the vacation and closing of alleys, lanes and passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property-owners who may be damaged thereby.

Authorizing the Governor to fill by appointment the vacancies which may arise in the office of county treasurer, until the next general election.

Empowering Courts of Common Pleas to determine disputes as to the reasonableness of license fees to be paid municipalities by telegraph, telephone, or light and power companies.

Permitting the warden of the Eastern Penitentiary to reside outside of the prison.

Increasing the allowance of the Judges of the Superior Court for clerk hire.

Authorizing the State treasurer to require additional security from banks in which State funds are deposited.

Changing the form of the writ of scire facias on contracts for building bridges, wharves, docks, etc., under the act of June 4, 1901.

Restricting the amount of bonds which may be issued annually for the building of roads under the act of 1895.

Authorizing the State to rebuild uncompleted county bridges over a river not less than 1,000 feet wide, whenever the portions of such bridges already erected have been destroyed by flood before their completion and where it appears that 50 per cent. of the contract price had already been expended before the destruction of the portions erected.

Requiring county commissioners or boards of revision of taxes to file with the Auditor General copies of all returns made for personal property tax and requiring the record to be open to the inspection and use of the Auditor General.

STATE TO BUILD BRIDGE.

On Monday Governor Pennypacker signed the bill which authorizes the state to build uncompleted bridges over any river exceeding one thousand feet in length, whenever portions of said bridges already erected have been destroyed by floods before the final completion thereof, and where it appears that over fifty per centum of the contract price has already been expended before such destruction.

Under this law the Mifflinville bridge will be rebuilt by the state, the county paying the difference only between the amount already paid and the contract price. This bill was drawn by Hon. Fred Ikeler, and it was largely through his influence that it was passed by the House and Senate, thus saving the county many thousands of dollars.

- - THE - -

Bloomsburg National Bank

Has Increased Its Capital Stock From

$60.000

to

$100.000.

Thereby acquiring ADDITIONAL STRENGTH and ENLARGED FACILITIES.

New Business Solicited.

A. Z. SCHOCH, President. WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier.

Everything-proof

Lucas Paints

(Tinted Gloss)

are sun-proof, damp-proof, rain-proof, heat-proof, cold-proof, salt-air-proof, rot-proof, germ-proof, dirt-proof and competition-proof.

For Sale by **J. G. Wells**

BANQUET TO COL. FREEZE.

A meeting of the members of the Bar of Columbia and Montour Counties was held in the court room on Saturday afternoon, most of the attorneys of this county being present. The object of the meeting was to make the preliminary arrangements for a banquet to be given to Col. John G. Freeze. Geo. E. Elwell was elected chairman of the meeting, and H. Mont. Smith secretary. After some discussion it was decided to hold the banquet in the Elk rooms in the Ent building, on Friday, April 28th, at eight o'clock in the evening

N. U. Funk was elected treasurer and the following committees were appointed:

On Banquet, Hon. Grant Herring, Hon. John G. Harman, A. W. Duy Esq., of Bloomsburg; Hon. R. S. Ammerman, Major C. P. Gearhart of Danville.

On Program, H. A. McKillip, B F. Zarr, Paul E. Wirt, W. H. Rhawn, Hon. Fred Ikeler.

On Reception, C. W. Miller, J. B. Robison, Robert S. Howell, L. E. Waller, C. C. Evans.

On Souvenir, James Scarlet, Hon. William Chrisman, H. Mont. Smith, C. C. Yetter and J. Gere Jayne.

THE INVITATION.

On Monday the following letter was presented to Col. Freeze.

COL. JOHN G. FREEZE,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Dear Sir:—

The members of the Bar of the 26th Judicial District extend to you their hearty congratulations upon your having reached the fifty-seventh anniversary of your admission to the Bar in the full possession of mental and physical vigor, and as a mark of the high esteem in which you are held by your legal brethren they desire to tender you a banquet, to be held in the Elks' rooms in Bloomsburg, on the evening of Friday, April 28th at eight o'clock. If the date and place are agreeable to you, they will esteem it an honor to have you as their guest. Very truly yours,

GEO. E. ELWELL,
Chairman of Bar Meeting.

H. A. MCKILLIP,
B. F. RARR,
PAUL E. WIRT,
W. H. RHAWN,
FRED IKELER,
} Committee

Bloomsburg, Penna. April seventeenth, nineteen hundred and five.

THE RESPONSE.

To this invitation Col. Freeze replied as follows:

GEO. E. ELWELL ESQ.,
Chairman of Bar Meeting.
H. A. MCKILLIP ESQ.,
Chairman of Bar Committee.

MESSRS:—

Your most kind and highly appreciated communication of the date of April 17th, 1905, tendering me a commemorative banquet, on my having reached the fifty-seventh anniversary of my admission to the Bar, has been received with feelings of the most profound satisfaction and pleasure.

To have been fifty-seven years at the Bar, to have seen all the men who were at the Bar when I was admitted, pass to the great assize, and a new membership to arise around me, whose esteem and confidence they so lovingly and unanimously assure me of, is as rare as it is delightful.

The day and hour and place selected by your committees are entirely agreeable to me; and it will give me the greatest happiness to meet my brethren of the Bar, on that occasion.

Ever most truly,
JOHN G. FREEZE.

Bloomsburg, Penna.
April 18, 1905.

Invitations have been sent out to all former members of this bar, and to a number of lawyers and Judges from other districts who are old friends of the Colonel's. It is expected that about seventy-five persons will be present

EASTER MUSIC.

Next Sunday will be Easter, the day of resurrection. Special services have been arranged in most of the churches, and fine musical programs have been prepared. At St. Paul's Church there will be services at 6.45 and 11 a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. The first service will consist of choral morning prayer to be followed immediately with a plain celebration of the Holy Communion.

At 11 o'clock there will be a choral communion service, with sermon, and choral evensong at 5. The music will be under the direction of Geo. E. Elwell, choirmaster, and Charles P. Elwell is the organist. The following is the musical program:

6.45 A. M.

Processional, Hymn 109	
"Christ, Our Passover, antiphonal chant,	Savage
Gloria Patri	Potter
Gloria in Excelsis	Cramer
Te Deum in D.	Hall
Jubilate Deo	Somervell
Nicene Creed in F.	Tours
Hymn 113	
Offertory, "Why seek ye the living among the dead."	Simper

11 A. M.

Processional, Hymn 122	
Kyrie Eleison	Gilbert
Gloria Tibi	"
Nicene Creed	Tours
Hymn 118	
Offertory, Hallelujah, Christ is Risen,	Clare
Sursum Corda	Gilbert
Sanctus	"
Agnus Dei	"
Gloria in Excelsis	Old Chant
Bell Amen.	
Recessional, Hymn 123	

5 P. M.

Processional, Hymn 109	
Gloria Patri	Potter
Magnificat	Smart
Nunc Dimittis	"
Apostle's Creed, monotone.	
Offertory, "Christ, Our Passover,"	Hall
Bell Amen.	
Recessional, Hymn 121.	

Everybody is welcome to all of these services.

EASTER

To all our friends and patrons we extend an Easter Greeting.

Easter is the time for sunshine and for flowers.

It's the time when nature smiles and we all take a fresh grip on life.

It's the natural desire of every Man and Boy to appear in new garments on Easter Sunday.

We're in full bloom of Spring display of Suits, Top Coats, Hats, Neckwear an all sorts of "Springy" things for Easter.

If you're not ready for Easter Sunday we can put you in order in about thirty minutes, and you'll be as well dressed as any man in the Easter parade.

Fair and satisfactory prices, as usual.

Three for One Trading Stamps Thursday, Friday, Saturday,

BEN GIDDING

Corner Main and Center Sts.

—o—

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

CARPETS FURNITURE

Newness Everywhere

'Tis newness everywhere. Each department is filled with new goods of all descriptions.

New Furniture, New Carpets, New Rugs.

If ever there was a time to buy good Furniture at Right Prices its now.

Furniture for Library.
Furniture for Dining Room.
Furniture for Bedrooms.

Carpets to suit every taste. Rugs to match every Carpet. A large assortment of all the newest colorings and designs.

Bring your measurements, we will do the rest.

THE LEADER STORE CO., LTD.

4TH AND MARKET STREETS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

PARISIAN SECRET POLICE

Most of Them Are Old Soldiers, Honorable Men.

INVESTGATING BRIGADE

Strangers in the City Constantly Watched and Acts Recorded So Close Are the Meshes of This Police—Not Even a Casual Visitor Slips Through.

About the words "the secret police" there is a pretty air of mystery. They summon up pictures of cloaked figures, of men waiting in dark hallways and of stealthy steps behind curtains and corridors. They are woven into nine-tenths of popular French fiction. The woman concierge, sunning herself at what Parisian doorway you please, feeds her imagination on tales of multiple disguises. As a matter of fact, this branch of the police, though disguised in plain clothes, is not at all occult. It has to do with plain and simple crimes. Most of the agents of the surete are old soldiers, honorable men. They are supplemented, however, by a band of quasi-police, known as indicateurs. These people, who are permanent auxiliaries of the service, are recruited among the street fakirs and and masterless rogues who foregather in Paris.

But behind these humdrum agents and these gloomy outcasts, theirs aids, there is a mighty 'secret police," about which not one Parisian in a hundred has definite knowledge. The real secret police—today, as under the empire—is that which is known as the brigade des recherches—that is, the brigade of investigation. The members of this force are recruited in a far higher rank of society than the fellows of the surete. Indeed, there is no class—from the old nobility to the new feudality of finance—which does not contribute this occult system of espionage. It is not my purpose here to describe in detail the many ramifications of this ancient and potent order of spies.

A foreigner in France, if he associates frequently with people of importance, comes in time to know them well. They follow him in his comings and goings, report upon his acts and opinions, and sift his life with a care unknown in our careless republic. One of those who was sent out on my trail I came to know very well. What I was suspected of I know not, though during the troublous days of the Dreyfus case I fraternized with many men—one of whom, the Comte du Temple, an ex-deputy, was an aggressive royalist. Anyway, my spy and I came to know each other very well. He played a good game of billiards and was a companionable gentleman.

A little later Dr. W. J. O'Sullivan, visited me in Paris. He was greatly interested in the secret police. I could hardly persuade him that from the moment we met and shook hands in the Gare du Nord until his departure from the Gare St. Lazare every act of his had been noted. I got the evidence from my friend (my own pet spy) in the brigade des recherches. The doctor's record was singularly complete. He had not spoken with a man, he had not chatted with a woman, he had not dined out or breakfasted in my garden, he had not bought a pair of yellow gloves unseen by some ubiquitous spy. The amazed gentleman, when he learned how close had been the watch upon him, shuddered as if he had walked in peril, and went back to New York wondering. So close are the meshes of this police net that not even a casual visitor slips through.—Success.

Money Makes the Mexican Go.

In "American millionaire" a term has been found whose magic potency dispels effectively for the moment that peculiar procrastination in Mexican business methods so tersely characterized by the word "manana." People of this city, resident here but one year, have seen in the last week a hurrying Mexican servant for the first time. Those who have lived here for a longer time have seen it before—when a millionaire from America was here.

At the utterance of this term, as it passes from mouth to mouth, for a millionaire from the States must needs be advertised, every knee will bend or bow, hotel managers will take an actual or pretended interest in the management of the hostelry's affairs, cocheros will race their steeds that they may not be more than an hour behind the time, cargadores will accelerate their tortoise pace, waiters move as if more than half awake and the "bell-hops" even have been known to hop.

So great is the magic of this potent phrase that no vendor of dulces on the street, no seller in the shops nor curio merchant within the corporation limits of the capital, but has out his brightest sign, wears his blandest smile, adds to his usual insistent persistence a certain amount of alacrity, and one or two of the more eager have been known to postpone their feet of the laggards, as though each should be a latter day Mercury, the visitor has made of the rejuvenated Aztec a desecrating iconoclast shattering by his moment of hurry all the idols and traditions of the ages.—Mexican Herald.

The Iowa experiment station made some investigations last year as to the best time for watering horses—before or after feeding. The results show no particular difference.

If a man is a coward he always claims to be conservative.

RUSSIA MAKES MADMEN.

Suspect Priest Confined Thirty-Two Years in Prison.

Madness is one of the spectres that grin athwart the dim twilight of the granite cells of the lonely prisoner. But sometimes madmen are set free. One such case was that of a suspect priest, named Peter Zolotnitsky. Having joined a non-conformist sect, he was sent to the monastery prison of Suzdal, two days before Christmas, 1865. Alexander II. was then Czar, and the tendencies of his government were, on the whole, humane.

But liberty of conscience has never been granted even by the most enlightened Emperor of Muscovy. Alexander II. vanished from the scene, and his son ascended the throne as Alexander III. An amnesty was granted to criminals, new measures were adopted and new men appointed, but the lot of the priest Zolotnitsky was not alleviated. He was left in his stone cellar, cold, hungry, lonely, forgotten. In the fulness of time Alexander III. was called to his last account, and Nicholas II. donned the crowns of Muscovy, Kazan, and all the Russias, a new amnesty was proclaimed. But for the priest Zolotnitsky and his fellow prisoners the short days and long nights lost nothing of their sameness. His world was still narrowed down to the limits of his cell. In time the compass of his mind shrank to fit proportion to his wretchedness, and he lost his reason together with his health. Contrary to custom, the madman was then released, on April 15, 1897, after having languished for over thirty-two years in his dark stone cage.—Harper's Magazine.

An Acid Made of Wood Gas.

Aside from the deposits of metallic copper in the Michigan region, practically all the ores of copper, zinc, lead, and nickel consist of compounds of the metals with sulphur. In smelting, the sulphur is burned out and gives rise to enormous quantities of sulphur dioxide,—that gas that has taught man to postpone for a moment the pleasure of his cigar when lighting it with a sulphur match, and has caused many a housewife to mourn for the untimely fading and passing away of her most cherished house plants. At Leadville, Joplin, Galena, Argentine, El Paso, and other sections of the country not only treeless but also grassless deserts have been produced by the large smelting establishments. Near Mount Shasta stretches of the finest timber land stand blasted because of this waste, which, were it utilized, would doubtless be sufficient to erect a new plant for the company every two or three years. By what is known as the "new contact process," this gas can be transformed into the best of sulphuric acid, and where smelting establishments are near enough to the manufactories using this article large revenues are being derived from this waste product every year. However, since sulphuric acid is very cheap and freight rates very high, the economical utilization of the gas in the Shasta and other regions similarly situated, far removed from manufacturing centers, has not yet been accomplished.—Harper's Magazine.

Menu on Ocean Liners.

The chief steward and the chef determine the menus for the various and numerous meals of the following day between them and when this has been done the cards are turned over to the ship's printer who puts them in type and runs off whatever number may be required for the passengers. Copies of these are then distributed by the chef to his principal assistants—the head baker, the head confectioner, the head meat cook and so on through the list. Each expert proceeds to figure out the quantities of the various supplies—meat, eggs, flour, vegetables, or what not—he will require to carry out his part of the program. These estimates are submitted to the chief steward and as soon as they receive his endorsement become orders on the ship's storekeeper.

Of course, it requires a tremendous amount of foodstuffs to supply 2,000 persons blessed with generous sea appetites during the course of a transatlantic voyage. When any one of the big liners leaves New York for Europe, her storerooms are likely to contain something like eight tons of beef, three tons of hams and a similar amount of bacon, two tons and a half of butter, two or three thousand quarts of milk, six thousand dozens of eggs, a hundred and fifty or two hundred barrels of flour, thousands of bushels of each of the different kinds of fresh vegetables and fruits, and other eatables in proportion. In the height of the summer season when transaltantic travel is at floodtide the figures will be even greater than these in the case of the larger liners. The marketing bill for kitchen supplies in the case of an organization like the International mercantile marine company, which operates the largest of the Atlantic passenger fleets, amounts to several million dollars in the course of a year.

Pearl Fishing in Ceylon.

The use of the X-rays has proved a valuable adjunct to pearl fishing on the coast of Ceylon. By this application it is possible to discriminate between valuable oysters and those containing no pearls. Oysters useless for commercial purposes are thrown back into the sea.

It is easier for a married man to pack his trunk than it is for a bachelor—because he has less to pack.

The fool never puts off until tomorrow what he shouldn't do at all.

THE PRAIRIE SOD HOUSE

Life on the Solitary Stretches of the Western Plains.

WOMEN AGE QUICKLY

Settlers Grow Careless of Their Appearance and Lose Ambition. Creates a Worthless Mental and Moral Sordidness—Field Mice Burrow Through Walls of House.

Life in a sod house away out on the plains, where for months at a time there is not a thing in nature to cheer the eye or vary the monotony, is certainly close to first principles, says Stanley Raymond. When the corn waves on thousands of acres, or when the plain is green with growing wheat, there is something to interest the sod-house dwellers, but from October to May no class of intelligent Americans live more dreary lives than these. One wonders what livelihood, what future prosperity or pleasure can repay a man and wife to live in such huge sameness. The shifting clouds by day and a sky of fine stars at night are for weeks the only sights to be seen. Yet some of the most contented and aspiring people we have ever seen are men and women who live among such flat surroundings and dead solitude for years.

To realize in how primitive and solitary a fashion people can live and be happy one has only to imagine a man and wife in a sod house, fifteen miles from the nearest village, in one of the sparsely settled districts of western Nebraska or Kansas. For days, and in some seasons for weeks, they see no human beings outside of their own household. Even begging Indians and tramps are almost unknown in this country. Prairie dogs cast up their mounds and found towns in the unmolested spots about the place; gophers and field mice burrow through the sod walls of the house; not infrequently snakes swing themselves down from the rafters inside, or crawl in at the door to get at any milk pans standing about. At night coyotes and some of the gray wolves come up through the canyons and skulk about the poultry yard or howl close to the windows. Through the day while the man is in the fields the herding usually falls to the woman's lot. Probably each takes a noon luncheon in a paper, to save coming back to the house until night.

The woman attends to her necessary household duties, throws a gunny-sack over her broncho's back, jumps astride, rounds up her cattle, and drives them down the canyons to graze on the steep sides, or in a low strip beside a creek. Canyons are not sociable places; one can scarcely have a conception of the primeval unless he has walked through a canyon; he thinks of the dawn of creation, of the races of extinct mammoths, and wonders if centaurs have not merely retired into the inner caverns. What the sod-house woman thinks about, all day long in solitude like that, is hard to tell—probably the mortgage on the farm, diseases among the stock, the prospects of crops, the time when they can put up their frame dwelling, the hard, unadorned facts in the treadmill of her life, new plans for the work, work which is her sole law of existence. Perhaps she has memories of another time, other surroundings, but they must seem vague and far away. Even the weather is monotonous; there is practically always the cloudless sky, the brilliant sun, the strong, dry wind that curls the leaves of the young corn, and turns the buffalo grass brown.

Living on the dreary plains and amid such monotony, with never a thing to appeal to one's esthetic, social or literary nature, is wearing upon most settlers, even if they are contented. The life makes women, particularly, prematurely old. A few years of residence apart from their sex usually makes them careless of their appearance, dulls their ambitions and creates a sordidness. Such a life must have its inevitable mental and moral effect. All the sensitive, the esthetic, sometimes the moral sense itself, becomes atrophied. The tragedies of a city are unearthed and brought to light, but the silent tragedies of these desolate lives are swallowed up and lost in the remoteness and immensity of the prairie wastes.

New Wireless Station.

Another very desirable addition to the resources of wireless telegraphy we may shortly witness, it is hoped, by the installation of stations in the Azores. These islands are by nature a sort of half-way house between Europe and America, and lying within touch by wireless telegraphy of the routes of the ocean liners they can do good service for both continents. The King of Portugal, Don Carlos, may be trusted to interest himself in this measure, as it was largely due to his Majesty that the Meteorological Observatory was established in the Azores. A station for wireless messages would largely increase the value of that institution.—London Telegraph.

Aid to Navigators.

The development of marine signaling promises to be one of the chief aids to the navigator which the immediate future holds in store. By means of submerged bells and telephone apparatus for picking up the sound signals may be sent and received over considerable distances. The system has been installed on four lightships between New York and Boston, and many government and foreign officers have visited these ships during the past year.

CALIFORNIA WILD GEESE.

Men Employed to Keep Them Moving—Not Allowed to Shoot.

Wild geese are still so abundant in California that they are an actual pest to the wheat growers of the great interior valleys. During the Winter season they are so numerous on the largest ranches of the Sacramento valley that men are hired to ride over the fields with rifles and shoot at them frequently from daylight until dark in order to keep them moving and prevent them from grazing upon the tender young grain.

The birds at times congregate in such immense flocks as to seem to cover closely acres of ground. Their destructive powers are so great that in less than an hour, and sometimes, it is said, in a few minutes, they completely strip from the field upon which they rest all the shoot of grain above ground.

The men employed to keep the geese moving are called "geese herders." They are not expected or required to shoot the birds, but to keep firing at them, and so, as much as possible drive them from the grain lands.

The occupation of the goose herder is far from exciting or agreeable, and is one of the most despised of all rural employments in California, says the Los Angeles Times. The herder must sally forth when daylight appears, for at dawn the geese begin to feed in the grain fields. Some of the wheat ranches are many square miles in extent, and one upon the west side of the Sacramento River, in Glenn county, embraces over 4,000 acres.

The herder must ride many miles in a day, and pursue his calling in all sorts of weather. Upon the largest ranches half a dozen or more herders find steady employment during the Winter season. It may happen that in the course of months of steady work a herder will not shoot even one goose, although perhaps firing 50 or 100 shots a day.

The geese are wary, and do not allow any one to approach them within a few hundred yards. For this reason it is necessary for the herders to use rifles, so that the bullets may strike the ground where the geese are feeding and put them to flight.

It is a fine sight to see the wild geese upon the wing at certain hours of the day, when they are flying to or from the river or some body of water where they drink. The sky at times seems filled with long, waving lines, where the birds are flying in their peculiar V-shaped flocks, and the air is laden with their discordant calls.

Trackless Trolley.

A trackless trolley line is being built by the community of Mannheim to Langefeld, and will be about two and one-half miles long, with two short branches intended for freighting purposes.

The roadway from Monnheim to Langenfeld is about twenty-three feet wide, with a good basaltic cover about fifteen in width, running almost in an air line, with the exception of a few curves. A special contrivance for coupling will be provided in order to keep an exact rut of all the cars. The power will be conducted to and from the cars by means of two rotary poles, placed on the top of the cars, and sliding blocks enabling the train to give way from ten feet to twelve feet.

For entering farmyards lying close to the road there will be used, instead of the regular wire, a connector and flexible cable fifty feet to seventy feet in length by means of which the current will be transmitted to the motor car.

The trains will consist of an electric locomotive for drawing two or three cars, driven by two electric motors of from twenty-five horse power to forty horse power. The conducting crew will have its place on the locomotive. The cars for carrying freight have a capacity of about five tons. Some of the cars will be open and some closed, and all will be fitted with brakes. Couplings will be provided for attaching farm wagons.—Electrical World.

The Mummies of Venzone.

Mummies have been found at various times in the tombs connected with some of the old European churches, their formation being due to natural process and not to any methods of embalming. By far the most notable place in this respect is the old parish church at Venzone in the northern part of Italy. In this church there are thirteen tombs which appear to have the power of mummifying the bodies placed in them. These mummies seem to be the dried residues of the original bodies with all their organs in place. They are very light, weighing from 6½ to 13 pounds. Various attempts have been made to give some adequate explanation of the cause of this unusual process, explanations which took into account the possible desiccating action of the mineral constituents of the earth around the tombs. The true reason appears to be the activity of a certain fungus (Hypha bombastica) which is always found growing upon the bodies and forming dense dark yellow masses on the surface. It has been found possible to induce mummification of various animals by inoculating their dead bodies with this fungus. The process is analogous to the so-called calcification of the silkworms in the disease to which they are subject caused by a fungus pest of the genus Botrytis.

Before obtaining a license St. Petersburg drosky drivers have to take on oath to be civil and not to overcharge.

THE LODGING HOUSE EVIL

Conditions Good for Spread of Consumption, Says Report.

DIRT OF BEDS APPALLING

101 Lodging Houses in New York City—Sanitary Conditions Prejudicial to Health—Mattresses Crumbling to Pieces—Not Uncommon to Sleep With Boots on.

A lengthy report has just been made public by Mr. Paul Kennaday, secretary of the Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis, relative to the sanitary condition of New York city's lodging houses. Mr. Kennaday's investigation, which was searching and thorough, was undertaken with a view to discovering to what extent the city's cheap lodging houses were responsible for the spread of consumption in the community. The result of his inquiry Mr. Kennaday sums up as follows:

"If the course of this inspection has given no direct evidence of tuberculosis among the lodging house population, nor of house infection, it has sufficiently demonstrated that in not a few instances conditions are absolutely inimical to health and quite ideal for the rapid progress and communication of disease."

According to Mr. Kennaday's statistics there are in the Borough of Manhattan 101 lodging houses, with a licensed capacity for 16,470 beds.

The prevailing type is a four story brick structure, used as a store in front. There are two recognized kinds of lodging houses, those with individual rooms and those where the inmates are all herded together. In both classes Mr. Kennaday has found the ventilation, as a rule, excessively bad, although the ventilation in the second of the two classes is apt to be better than when the rooms are separate. The sanitary conditions are usually prejudicial to health, he said, and only forty-nine of the lodging houses were found to possess free baths.

The dirtiness of the beds in ordinary use was appalling. The mattresses in many instances were crumbling to pieces. "As to the blankets," says Mr. Kennaday in his report, "eight houses were found to be very clean, fifty-five clean, twenty-three dirty and fourteen very dirty. I was assured many times that the blankets were washed 'at least' twice a year; no thought of cleaning them oftener seems to have occurred to the proprietors, although lodgers often go to bed with their boots on, and the floors are swept in such a way that the dust at once settles on the blankets, which, as a rule, are unprovided with coverlets.

"By requirements of the Board of Health," Mr. Kennaday continues, "each lodging house must have an isolation or hospital room which must not be used for other purposes than the reception of such persons as may become sick while lodging in the house. In twenty-four houses the room was either used as a general storeroom for blankets or used as a sleeping room by the day or night clerk."

The remedy which the tuberculosis expert suggests for the present state of affairs is a more stringent and frequent inspection of the lodging houses by the Board of Health.

In defining his position, Mr. Kennaday remarks:

"While the city charter provides that it shall be the duty of the Board of Health to cause a careful inspection of every lodging house at least twice a year, inspections of some houses are actually made much oftener than this. But the character of these inspections must be faulty if, despite the fact that the majority of the houses show an adherence to regulations, so many positive violations can be found and conditions of such a shocking character permitted to exist. In addition to more thorough inspections, a higher standard of needful cleanliness should be adopted by those inspectors who it would seem, have sometimes adopted the theory, often advanced by lodging house keepers themselves, that the condition of the men they harbor is a sufficient excuse for the truly abominable conditions sometimes found."

Trepoff's Black Record.

Gen. Trepoff is notorious rather than famous. He is said by those who are in a position to know the facts to be the most detested man in the Russian army, the soldiers having nicknamed him "Iron Heart." When only a lieutenant not many years ago he sabred his orderly for a trivial breach of etiquette. His next exploit—according to his own boast—was the shooting of five men with a revolver.

With this record it is not surprising that he should a few days ago have been the victim of an attempted assassination at Moscow, where he was chief of the police and where he had put down some disturbance in a particularly brutal fashion.

He is a very big smoker, fond of wine and of making speeches to his troops. In every speech the expression, "Obey your commanding officer" frequently occurs.

The Czar is fond of Trepoff, and has been heard to remark: "He is one of the few men I can rely on."

Trepoff is married but is separated from his wife.—London Daily News.

When it comes to a quick parting the fool and his money are a close second to a woman and her secret.

Some men waste a lot of valuable time explaining their actions.

PIGEON POSTMEN IN WAR.

Bird Which Carried 800,000 Words on Its Tail Feather.

It is a curious link with long-gone centuries that the beleaguered people in Port Arthur have been using carrier pigeons to keep in touch with the outside world, just as the good folk of Modena did not much less than 2,000 years ago.

But the most inteersting use of pigeons in war was undoubtedly when they did such excellent service during the siege of Paris a generation ago. The pigeons, it may be remembered, were sent out of the doomed city by balloons—363 of them; of these, 302 were liberated, but only seventy-three set foot again in Paris. It is amazing, even in this age of miracles, to think that a single one of these pigeon postmen carried no fewer than 40,000 messages, each containing on an average 20 words. This means a grand total of 800,000 words, or the equivalent of half a dozen fairly long novels, as the burden of a single bird.

How was it done? Part of the mystery vanishes when we say that the weight of all these dispatches was actually less than a gramme, about one-twenty-eighth of an ounce, and that they were contained within a goose quill one and three-quarter inches long, which was attached by a silk thread to one of the bird's tail feathers. The puzzle, however, remains how it was possible to get over three-quarters of a million words within this tiny compass.

The secret of this seemingly impossible feat was microscopic photography. The messages were first printed in ordinary type, and then reduced by photography several hundred times. The photographs were taken on thin films or pellicles of collodion, each of which, though it was less than two inches square, could thus contain 50,000 words. Of these pellicles a pigeon could easily carry a dozen without interfering with its comfort or speed, and, as we have seen, one bird alone conveyed 40,000 messages.

But a pigeon has carried as much as three-quarters of an ounce for a short distance. This weight would represent something like 800,000 messages, or 16,000,000 words; so that under these conditions, it would be quite possible for a pigeon to carry a small library of 120 volumes on its tail.

So impressed were army men generally with the usefulness of the pigeon as demonstrated in the Franco-German war that it was not long before practically every nation in Europe had its trained military pigeons; and today there are more than 60, military pigeon stations in Europe.

We were among the last to adopt this simple and efficient method of carrying messages in time of war; but now we have excellent lofts at Portsmouth, Dartmouth and elsewhere, where birds are kept and trained in a most scientific manner.

In the Portsmouth lofts, which are in the Royal Clarence Victualling Yard at Gosport, is an office where the official log-books are kept with the utmost detail and precision. There are stud registers, and report books in which the doings of every pigeon are chronicled; one volume is devoted to a record of times of liberation, another to pigeons homing at the loft, and in another volume the various messages carried by the birds are pasted. Among these it is interesting to notice many that have been sent to the lofts by members of our royal family when crossing the channel. The moment a bird enters the loft it is automatically shut into a box by the dropping of a noiseless slide, and an electric bell summons an attendant to take the message it has brought.

Poisons in Vegetables.

In preserving foods the natural colors of food products tend to fade and diminish with time. In order that this fault be remedied, the use of coloring matters has become almost universal in some forms of food products. For instance, some time ago I was unable to find in the city of Washington a single pound of uncolored butter. Tomatoes and other red vegetables and fruits are often colored with eosin; preserved peas and beans, as is well known, have the green fixed and accentuated by the use of a very objectionable substance, namely, sulphate of copper. Added red coloring matters are often found in wines. Preserved cherries are first bleached so as to become white, then colored a beautiful red, and many other objectionable practices of similar kinds are indulged in.

It is probably true that the palatability of foods is increased by having them presented in attractive forms, and to this end the natural colors which food products have and which are regarded as indexes of purity and excellence should be retained as carefully as possible. This, however, does not seem to justify the practice of any deception by the use of artificial colors for the purpose of imitating in a poorly colored food product the attractive and more pronounced colors which characterize the better kinds of food of that character.—Doctor Wiley in Pearson's.

Navigation of the Colorado.

The problem of navigating the tortuous waters of the upper Colorado river and the lower Green and Grand rivers and so opening up to exploitation a district of great mineral and prospective agricultural wealth has long baffled Coloradans. It is now claimed at Denver that a specially designed gasoline motor boat has proved equal to the task, and that a new empire will be opened up in which possibly a second Cripple Creek will be found.

WILL THE PANAMA CANAL PAY?

The Panama Canal will give us marked advantages over our European rivals in reaching the markets of the western part of South and Central America, as well as Australia and the Orient, and it is to these sections that the world is now looking for development of commerce. The imports of western and central South America, now amount to about 100 million of dollars annually, and of that we supply at present but about 15 per cent. When the Panama Canal is opened we will have much better access to that market than any other country of the world, and should be able to increase our share to about 50 per cent. of the imports of that section. The imports of Australia and New Zealand amount to 250 million dollars annually, and of that we supply about 12 per cent., but with more direct communication should increase that share to 25 per cent. The imports of those countries generally known as the Orient amount to over 1 billion dollars annually, and of that we now supply but 6 per cent., but should supply at least 15 per cent., and perhaps 20 per cent. Thus, with a Panama Canal which will give us direct access to these great markets, now amounting to nearly 1 1-2 billions of dollars, we should increase our exports from the present figure of approximately 100 millions to at least 300 millions, and as that now rapidly developing trade expands, we should be able to increase our share in it.—O. P. Austin, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, Washington in *Cent Per Cent* for April.

The Picture Agent.

Picture agents who impose on the public are again in evidence, and despite repeated warnings, many people allow themselves to be duped by them. When they call at a residence, they represent that they will enlarge a photograph free of cost, but when the picture is completed, they demand from the party from whom the photograph was secured, the purchase of a frame ranging in price fron $2.50 to $9. Unless the agent secures an order for a frame with the advance payment of a dollar, they refuse to return the original photograph. In this manner and by this threat they invariably compel the customer to reluctantly come to their terms. It is the misrepresentation of the agents that the people vehemently protest against, but they should be intelligent enough to know that they can't get something for nothing, and, besides, this old game has been so much overworked that it has loug since become threadbare

Carpet Beating Microbe Spreader.

The beating of carpets and rugs by throwing them over a line in the back yard or spreading them on the lawn is a menace to the public health, say the health authorities. By such beating the microbes are hammered into the air, where the spring winds distribute them through the neighborhood. Here is the advice given householders: "If you have a carpet to beat do it in the early morning and on a still day if possible and spare your neighbors as much of the infliction as you can."

Cure For Nail Biting.

A mother whose little daughter had the habit of biting her nails had tried numerous unsuccessful device for curing her before she hit upon one which proved eminently effective. This was nothing less than the gift of a manicure set with permission to use it all she wanted to. As the child learned to polish and trim her nails her joy in them grew apace until pride had quite put to rout the ugly habit which no amount of coaxing or scolding had been able to break up.—Table Talk.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Neuralgia And Other Pain.

All pain in any disease is nerve pain, the result of a turbulent condition of the nerves. The stabbing, lacerating, darting, burning, agonizing pain that comes from the prominent nerve branches, or sensory nerves, is neuralgia, and is the "big brother" of all the other pains.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills rarely ever fail to relieve these pains by soothing these larger nerves, and restoring their tranquility.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills leave no bad after-effects, and are a reliable remedy for every kind of pain, such as headache, backache, stomachache, sciatica, rheumatism and neuralgia.

They also relieve Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Car-Sickness, and Distress after eating.

"For many years I have been a constant sufferer from neuralgia and headache, and have never been able to obtain any relief from various headache powders and capsules, until I tried Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. They always cure my headache in five minutes time." FRED R. SWINGLEY, Cashier 1st Nat. Bank, Atkinson, Neb.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

MAN.

Sitting in the office Friday afternoon and gazing out of the window at the shooting buds and springing grass, the writer was reminded of the wonders of nature, and then our thoughts very naturally drifted to that which, if we understand rightly the sequence of creation, came next, man, mysterious man.

He is the only creature that knows he will die, someone has said, and yet he is the only creature that laughs. He is the only creature that manifests joy in his existence. It is hard to understand. Every rational man knows that he has no mortgage on tomorrow. It is not his. He may never see it; he may die before dark. Few let the dark shadow of this unchangeable fact fall athwart their path. They laugh and are gay, even when their heads are grayed for the grave. They hasten to a future of which the wisest have as shadowy knowledge as the fool. This future is forever, and is said to be influenced by our conduct here. Yet this is the only fact that man is not careful about. It is a mystery.

TRIAL LIST,

For Week Beginning Monday, May 1st, 1905.—First Week.

Susan E. Cooper vs. Margaret Averal, Edward Averal and Archie Averal, doing business as Averal & Sons.
Susan E. Cooper vs. Jacob Garrison.
Susan E. Cooper vs. E. W. Garrison and Jacob S. Garrison trading as Garrison Bros.
Thomas E. Harder vs. John A. Shuman.
S. R. Carl vs. C. A. Small.
S. R. Carl vs. Andrew Zero.
John T. Richards vs. Shepard Boone.
The Hydraulic Mfg. Co. vs. J. K. Sharpless.
O. W. George vs. B. A. Friedman.

SECOND WEEK.

F. P. Creasy vs. North and West Branch Railway Company.
Bloomsburg Land Improvement Company vs. Town of Bloomsburg.
John Atherholt and Lillie Atherholt vs. Charles Hughes.
Agnes Smith vs. A. J. Knouse, S. L. Knouse, A. Z. McHenry and Merton Knouse trading as A. J. and S. L. Knouse and A. Z. McHenry.
Agnes Smith vs. A. J. Knouse, S. L. Knouse, A. Z. McHenry and Merton Knouse trading as A. J. and S. L. Knouse and A. Z. McHenry.
B. F. Sharpless vs. E. B. Tustin.
Alveretta Kline vs. J. P. McManus.
Freas B. Ringrose vs. W. D. Campbell.
John Steely vs. American Car and Foundry Company.
Mary A. Creveling vs. Susquehanna, Bloomsburg and Berwick Railroad Co.
John Mourey vs. The Philadelphia and Reading Railway Co.
Charles Reichard vs. The Pennsylvania Railroad Co.
John E Shuman vs. Columbia and Montour Electric Railway Co.
Alveretta Kline vs. The Susquehanna, Bloomsburg and Berwick R. R. Co.
Lloyd Fox vs. Philadelphia and Reading Railway Co.
Sarah J. Martz vs. The Boro of Berwick.
Jacob R. Stine vs. J. J. Cherington and N. C. Bare trading as Bare and Cherington.
John F. Creasy and J. Harvey Creasy, Admrs. of W. H Creasy, dec'd. vs. Harry B. Creasy, Milton B. Creasy and Sarah Creasy.
Thomas Elmes vs. Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company.
Thomas Elmes vs. Cross Creek Coal Co.
W. G. Yetter, Executor of Lewis Yetter, dec'd. vs. Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company.
W. G. Yetter, Executor of Lewis Yetter, dec'd. vs. Cross Creek Coal Co.
A. B. Herring vs. Philadelphia and Reading Railway Co.
Robert D. Yeager vs. The Township of Locust.
Sarah Vastine vs. Cross Creek Coal Company.
Priscilla Reichelderfer and Ellen Geary vs. Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company.

Mother Gray's Appeal to Women.

If you have pains in the back, Urinary, Bladder or Kidney trouble, and want a certain pleasant herb remedy for woman's ills, try Mother Gray's **AUSTRALIAN-LEAF.** It is a safe and never-failing monthly regulator. At Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample package FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, New York. 3-23 6t.

If a Cow gave Butter

mankind would have to invent milk. Milk is Nature's emulsion—butter put in shape for digestion. Cod liver oil is extremely nourishing, but it has to be emulsified before we can digest it.

Scott's Emulsion

combines the best oil with the valuable hypophosphites so that it is easy to digest and does far more good than the oil alone could. That makes Scott's Emulsion the most strengthening, nourishing food-medicine in the world.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
409-415 Pearl Street New York
50c. and $1.00. All druggists

Some Good Advice.

An exchange offers the following wholesome advice to farmers who employ help on the farm: Keep on the right side of your hired man. Treat him well so long as he is in your employ, and if he does not deserve good treatment, or respond to it, do not keep him. A good hired man will appreciate good usage and kind favors and pay for them by the extra amount and better quality of his services. It is courtesy to treat all men decently. In the case of your hired man, it is also policy and economy. Be liberal with him, not only at the table, but give him an occasionally spare day for amusement and recreation. Any intelligent hired man will work harder and perform his labor better when he feels that his employer appreciates well doing.

A Most Dangerous Pastime.

Many children may be seen every pleasant day on the streets of Bloomsburg jumping rope. The ambition of the majority of them seems to be to excel in the number of jumps, and they keep at it until their whole strength is gone, and they fall from exhaustion. It is not only hurtful, but extremely dangerous, and parents should forbid their children indulging in the passtime.

Make Money In California

If you are industrious and capable you can make money there. The big ranches are breaking up into small farms that need more workers to care for the increased product. The towns and cities are prosperous because the country is prosperous.

There are great valleys of the richest soil in America waiting for you. If you have a little capital you can own one of these small farms yourself, or you can rent one on shares and pay for it out of the product in a few years. We will send you descriptive booklets and folders giving full information about the money-making opportunities for every member of the family.

You want to see what the country is really like; you can go there, work a few months, enjoy the delightful climate, the flowers, fruit and scenery, and earn enough to *pay your expenses both ways* by taking advantage of the

Bargain Rates

Every Day March 1 to May 15

$33 From Chicago **$30 From St. Louis**

For one-way colonist tickets. Correspondingly reduced rates from almost any point East.

The trip is easily and comfortably made via the Rock Island. Two routes—one through New Mexico, the other through Colorado.

Through tourist cars—hours quicker than any other line. Double daily tourist service via El Paso—tri-weekly via Colorado. Dining-car service and free reclining chair cars, both routes.

The Rock Island has representatives throughout the United States; they are travel experts and can save you money. You can have their assistance in arranging the California trip for the asking. Consult your home ticket agent or write to the undersigned for our California book and complete folder "Across the Continent in a Tourist Sleeper."

Rock Island System — Southern Pacific Company — El Paso Route

Remember the Rock Island runs more tourist cars to California than any other route. Many of them are of the latest pattern, with wide windows and lavatory and toilet rooms for both men and women, unusually large and complete in their appointments.

Cut out this advertisement, fill in spaces below, and mail to

JOHN SEBASTIAN,
Passenger Traffic Manager, Rock Island System,
CHICAGO.

Please send me rates of fare to California and time tables—also your illustrated California book, and full information about your new service.

I expect to leave for California about _____

and would like information about _____ (NAME SECTION)

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 7, 1904.

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	4 A. M.	30 A. M.	12 P. M.	32 P. M.
Sunbury..... leave	† 6 45	† 9 55	† 2 00	† 5 25
Klines Grove.....	† 6 51	† 10 04	.....	† 5 31
Wolverton.....	† 6 58	† 10 06	.....	† 5 37
Kipps Run.....	† 7 06	† 10 11	.....	† 5 44
South Danville.....	7 11	10 17	2 21	5 50
Danville.....				
Boyd.....	† 7 16	† 10 21	.....	† 5 55
Roaring Creek.....	† 7 23	† 10 28	2 31	† 6 01
Catawissa.....Arrive	7 32	10 35	2 37	6 08
Catawissa.....Leave	† 7 32	† 10 35	† 2 37	† 6 08
East Bloomsburg.....	7 40	10 43	2 43	6 15
Bloomsburg.....				
Espy Ferry.....	† 7 44	† 10 47	.....	† 6 19
Stonytown Ferry.....	† 7 52	.....	.....	† 6 27
Creasy.....	7 54	10 56	2 55	6 30
Nescopeck....Arrive	8 04	11 05	3 05	6 40
Nescopeck.....Leave	† 8 04	† 11 05	† 3 05	† 6 40
Wapwallopen.....	8 19	11 20	3 15	6 52
Pond Hill.....	† 8 25	† 11 25	.....	† 6 56
Moncanaqua.....	8 31	11 32	3 23	7 01
Sickshinny.....				
Retreat.....	8 43	11 42	3 32	7 10
Nanticoke.....	8 54	11 54	3 40	7 19
Buttonwood.....	† 9 00	† 12 00	.....	† 7 25
Plymouth Ferry.....	† 9 02	.....	.....	† 7 28
South Wilkesbarre....	9 06	12 06	.....	7 30
Wilkesbarre ....Arrive	9 10	12 10	3 55	7 35
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	31 A. M.	15 A. M.	1 P. M.	67 P. M.
Wilkesbarre.....Leave	† 7 15	† 10 35	† 2 45	† 6 00
South Wilkesbarre....	7 20	.....	2 50	6 05
Plymouth Ferry.....	† 7 22	.....	.....	† 6 07
Buttonwood.....	† 7 24	.....	† 2 54	† 6 09
Nanticoke.....	7 31	10 50	3 02	6 17
Retreat.....	7 39	10 58	3 11	6 26
Sickshinny.....	7 48	11 07	3 21	6 37
Mocanaqua.....				
Pond Hill.....	† 7 53	.....	† 3 27	† 6 42
Wapwallopen.....	7 58	11 16	3 32	6 47
Nescopeck.....Arrive	8 09	11 26	3 42	7 00
Berwick.....	† 8 09	† 11 26	† 3 42	† 7 00
Nescopeck....Leave				
Creasy.....	8 18	11 35	3 58	7 09
Stonytown Ferry.....	† 8 21	.....	.....	† 7 12
Espy Ferry.....	8 29	.....	† 4 08	† 7 20
Bloomsburg.....	8 34	11 47	4 07	7 25
East Bloomsburg.....				
Catawissa.....Arrive	8 40	11 53	4 13	7 32
Catawissa.....Leave	8 40	1 53	4 13	7 32
Roaring Creek.....	† 8 48	† 12 00	† 4 19	† 7 39
Boyd.....	† 8 55	.....	† 4 26	† 7 46
Danville.....	9 03	12 10	4 31	7 51
South Danville.....				
Kipps Run.....	† 9 0	.....	† 4 35	† 7 56
Wolverton.....	† 9 12	.....	† 4 42	† 8 03
Klines Grove.....	† 9 15	.....	† 4 45	† 8 08
Sunbury.....Arrive	† 9 25	† 12 30	† 4 55	† 8 15
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

† Daily. ‡ Daily, except Sunday. "f" stops only on signal notice to Agent, or Conductor to receive or discharge passengers.

Trains leave BLOOMSBURG as follows:

For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7.40 and 10:43 a. m., 2.43 and 6.15 p. m. week days; 10.43 a. m. Sundays.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m. and 4.18 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7.40 and 10.43 a. m ,4.18 and 6.15 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renova and Kane, 11.47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8.34 a. m. and 4.07 p. m. week days; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 8.34 a. m. and 7.25 p. m. week days.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8.34 and 11,47 a. m, week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.34 and 11.47 a. m., 4.07 and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8.34 and 11.47 a. m., 4.07 and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8.34 a. m. 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. daily; via Lewistown Judction, 8.34 and 11.47 a. m. week days; via Lock Haven, 8.34 and 11.47 a m. week days.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Passr Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 1?, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.27 via West Milton; 11:30 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7:27 a m 3.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.27, 11:28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a. m. 12 20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG;

Leave New York via Philadelphia 9.05 a m., and via Easton 9.10a. m.
Leave Philadelphia 10.21a. m.
Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.
Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.‡
Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,
Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.05 a m, 4.30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.36, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.32 p.m.
Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 3.40 6.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R. R.

From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY.	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY
07:30 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Exp.	04:15 p.m. Ex
9:00 a. m. Ex.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Lcl
10:30 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	
1:00 p. m. Exp. (Sat. only)	CAPE MAY	OCEAN CITY AND SEA ISLE CITY.
02:00 p. m. Exp.	7:30 a. m. Lcl.	8:50 a. m.
4:00 p. m. Exp.	08:50 a. m. Exp.	4:15 p. m.

SUNDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY	CAPE MAY
8:00 a. m. Lcl.	05:00 p. m. Lcl.	OCEAN CITY AND SEA ISLE CITY.
9:00 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	8:45 a. m.
10:00 a. m. Exp.		

o Connect for Lakewood.

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut Sts., 834 Chestnut St, 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3902 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 1, 1902, and until further notice

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00 1:40, 2:20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7.40, 8:20 9:00 9:40, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above

D. G. HACKETT, Superintendent.

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.
In Effect March 1st., 1904

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	M.
NORTHUMBERLAND.....	10 45	.....	.....	1 35
Cameron.....	6 57	10 10	12 [illegible]	1 54
Danville.....	7 07	10 19	1 [illegible]	[illegible]
Catawissa.....	7 21	10 32	2 25	[illegible]
Rupert.....	7 26	10 37	2 29	[illegible]
Bloomsburg.....	7 33	10 41	2 35	[illegible]
Espy.....	7 38	10 46	2 40	[illegible]
Limestone.....	7 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Willow Grove.....	7 48	10 57	2 50	[illegible]
Briarcreek.....	7 52	10 59	12 53	10
Berwick.....	7 57	11 05	2 58	[illegible]
Beach Haven.....	8 05	11 12	3 05	6 [illegible]
Nick's Ferry.....	8 13	11 17	3 09	10 [illegible]
Shickshinny.....	8 22	11 31	3 26	6 3
Hunlock's.....	8 28	11 39	3 31	12 09
Nanticoke.....	8 36	11 44	3 38	7 14
Avondale.....	8 41	11 47	3 42	[illegible]
Plymouth.....	8 45	11 52	3 47	7 25
Plymouth Junction.....	8 47	11 55	3 52	7 30
Kingston.....	8 55	11 59	4 00	7 38
Luzerne.....	8 58	12 02	4 03	7 42
Forty Fort.....	9 00	12 04	4 07	7 44
Wyoming.....	9 05	12 08	4 12	7 48
West Pittston.....	9 10	12 12	4 17	7 53
Susquehanna Ave.....	9 13	12 14	4 20	7 56
Pittston.....	9 19	12 17	4 24	8 1
Duryea.....	9 23	12 20	4 29	8 6
Lackawanna.....	9 26	12 22	4 32	8 10
Taylor.....	9 32	12 28	4 40	8 17
Bellevue.....	9 37	12 32	4 45	8 21
SCRANTON.....	9 42	12 35	4 50	8 26
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON.....	6 35	10 10	1 55	10 40
Bellevue.....	6 39	10 13	1 59	6 14
Taylor.....	6 44	10 17	2 03	6 49
Lackawanna.....	6 50	10 24	2 10	6 56
Duryea.....	6 53	10 28	2 13	6 53
Pittston.....	6 58	10 33	2 17	7 02
Susquehanna Ave.....	7 01	10 37	2 19	7 04
West Pittston.....	7 05	10 41	2 23	7 07
Wyoming.....	7 10	10 46	2 27	7 12
Forty Fort.....	7 14	10 49	2 31	7 17
Luzerne.....	7 17	10 52	2 34	7 19
Kingston.....	7 24	10 56	2 40	7 25
Plymouth Junction.....	7 29	11 00	2 45	7 30
Plymouth.....	7 35	11 05	2 49	7 34
Avondale.....	7 39	11 09	2 54	7 38
Nanticoke.....	7 48	11 13	2 58	7 42
Hunlock's.....	7 49	11 19	3 06	7 48
Shickshinny.....	8 01	11 31	3 20	7 58
Hick's Ferry.....	8 11	11 43	3 30	8 8
Beach Haven.....	8 19	11 48	3 37	8 14
Berwick.....	8 27	11 54	3 44	8 20
Briarcreek.....	8 32	12 01	3 50	8 25
Willow Grove.....	8 35	12 05	3 54	8 28
Lime Ridge.....	8 40	12 09	3 58	8 32
Espy.....	8 46	12 15	4 06	8 39
Bloomsburg.....	8 52	12 22	4 12	8 45
Rupert.....	8 57	12 25	4 15	8 50
Catawissa.....	9 02	12 32	4 20	8 55
Danville.....	9 15	12 44	4 32	9 10
Cameron.....	9 24	12 57	4 42	9 21
NORTHUMBERLAND.....	9 35	1 10	4 55	9 35
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.

‡ Runs daily. f Flag station.

E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1904, 12.05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	1 ‡	3 †	5 ‡
Bloomsburg D L & W....	9 00	2 37	6 15
Bloomsburg P & R.....	9 02	2 39	6 17
Bloomsburg Main St....	9 05	2 42	6 20
Paper Mill.....	9 15	2 52	6 30
Light Street.....	9 18	2 55	6 33
Orangeville.....	9 26	3 03	6 41
Forks.....	9 36	3 13	6 51
Zaners.....	9 40	03 17	16 17
Stillwater.....	9 48	3 25	7 08
Benton.....	9 56	3 33	7 18
Edsons.....	10 00	03 37	7 17
Coles Creek.....	10 03	3 40	7 21
Laubachs.....	10 08	3 45	7 31
Central.....	10 15	3 52	7 41
Jamison City.....	10 18	3 55	7 45

SOUTHWARD.

	2 †	4 ‡	6 ‡	8 ‡	22 †
Jamison City.....	5 59	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 35
Central.....	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Laubachs.....	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 13	11 55
Coles Creek.....	6 12	11 06	4 53	7 22	12 05
Edsons.....	16 14	111 09	14 56	17 24	12 16
Benton.....	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 26
Stillwater.....	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners.....	16 35	111 29	5 17	17 45	19 58
Forks.....	6 39	11 32	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville.....	6 50	11 43	5 31	8 00	1 36
Light Street.....	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill.....	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. Main St..	7 13	12 02	5 55	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P & R....	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D L & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 16

Trains No. 21 and 22, mixed, second class.

Trains No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8, Passenger, 1st class.

W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.
12-10-1y

THIS REMEDY is sure to GIVE Satisfaction

Ely's Cream Balm

Gives Relief at once.

It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and protects the membrane. Restores the sense of taste and smell Full size, 50c.; at druggists or by mail, trial size 10c by mail.

ELY BROTHERS 56 Warren St., New York.

CATARRH

HAY FEVER

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. 2444 Madison Square, PHILA., PA

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

Capital $100,000 STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY Surplus $125,000

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

STATEMENT.

At the Close of Business November 10th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES	
Loans,	$312,132 94	Capital	$100,000.00
U. S. Bonds,	50,000.00	Surplus and Profits (net)	145,392.98
Other Bonds,	156,125.00	Circulation	49,300.00
Building,	27,000.00	Deposits	404,012 98
Due from Banks and U. S. Treas.	24,159.71		
Cash and Reserve,	129,288.31		
	$698,705.96		$698,705.96

E. W. M. LOW, President, E. F. CARPENTER, Cashier.

THE COLUMBIAN.
ESTABLISHED 1866.
THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in Advance.
All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1905.

Political Announcements.

SUBJECT TO THE RULES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

PRIMARY ELECTION, SATURDAY JUNE 10. CONVENTION TUESDAY, JUNE 13th.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
GEORGE E. CLEMENS
of Berwick.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
FRANK W. MILLER
of Centralia.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
THORNTON T. FREEZE
of Bloomsburg, Pa.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
A. N. YOST
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
J. C. RUTTER JR.,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
ISAAC REICHART
of Scott Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
(north side)
GEO. W. STERNER
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
(north side)
WM. BOGERT,
of Scott Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
(north side)
JERRY A. HESS
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
M. H. RHODES
of Bloomsbusg, Pa.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JOHN S. MENSCH
of Montour.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
C. M. TERWILLIGER
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY AUDITOR,
C. L. HIRLEMAN
of Benton Boro.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
CHRISTIAN A. SMALL
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
ELISHA RINGROSE
of Center Township.

Subject to the rules of the Republican Party.
Primary Election Saturday, April 15th. Convention, Monday, April 17th.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

On the second day of May next, the school directors of Columbia county will meet in convention to elect a county superintendent for the ensuing three years. William W. Evans will have then nearly completed his first term, and he will be elected for a second term.

We elect a President Judge for ten years, and then if he has proven a satisfactory official, we re-elect him for ten years more, and no cry is ever raised against a long term. This district has elected a good judge the third term.

In its way the office of county superintendent is quite as important as that of judge. The progress and success of the schools depend upon long, hard, systematic work by the superintendent. We have been in the habit of electing a young man for that position, and after he has been at work for two or three terms, and learned the necessities of the schools, we turn him out and put in a green hand who must in turn learn the business. Since there is no permanency about it in this county, the office has been used merely as a stepping stone to either law or politics, because young men know that after a second or third term they must hunt another job, for no capable officer can afford to remain in the office longer at the salary paid, no matter how efficient he may be.

In many counties of the state good men are kept in this office as long as they will accept it. It requires ability, experience and peculiar fitness to fill the position to the best advantage. An office that any business man can fill without special preparation ought not to be given to one man for an indefinite period, but if we would get an adequate return for our money, no matter what amount of salary is paid, we ought not to change superintendents so often.

William W. Evans has proven himself one of the best superintendents this county ever had. He has done more effective work, perhaps, than any one of his predecessors ever did. He has organized high schools, graded schools and central examinations, and has raised the standard of teachers all over the county. In doing these things and many more, one of his principal aids has been the "Columbia County School Journal." It has kept him in touch with the directors, teachers, and pupils, but has been a most expensive adjunct.

In the past three years Mr. Evans has paid out for printing, over $1500.00, or very nearly one year's salary The schools have derived the sole benefit from this expenditure. It has been no personal advantage to him only in so far as it afforded him pleasure to see the results of his work. Such a man is worthy of his hire, and his salary ought to be commensurate with his labors. In comparison with the size of the county, and the number of schools, and the quality of his services, our superintendent is one of the poorest paid in the state, and we doubt if there is another one in the state who spends one-third of his salary, or even one-tenth of it, in carrying on his work.

Gentlemen of the school boards, you know you have a most excellent superintendent. You know that he is not paid in proportion to the size of the county and the time he devotes to his duties, nearly so well as capable men in the other professions. You know that the "School Journal" has accomplished a great work, and you know that Mr. Evans has had to bear the burden of it out of his own pocket. When you come to fix the salary, take these matters into consideration, and make it such a figure as will show that you understand and appreciate the great work he has done. Twenty five hundred dollars would be no more than a just and reasonable compensation for a man of the ability and experience of your present county superintendent.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., April 15, 1905.

Despite the unfortunate differences between the two parties in Congress over the initiation of the Panama-canal, that great enterprise may now be said to have passed from the realm of politics and to be regarded as a national undertaking regarded by all patriotic Americans with interest and hope. This fact was clearly illustrated during the President's recent visit to Texas where he was assured that, despite the fact that the Senators from Texas had felt it to be their duty to oppose the ratification of the Panama treaty, the people of Texas were heartily in favor of its construction and wished him all success in the conduct of the great enterprise. The reorganization of the Canal Commission has been achieved and the new organization is getting to work with commendable promptness. It has already announced its intention of making all of its transactions public, so that nothing it does may be regarded as underhanded and this alone is calculated to inspire confidence. A system of individual responsibility, which is in thorough accord with the general sentiments of the American people and which has always produced the most satisfactory results in private enterprises, has been adopted and hereafter when anything goes wrong as some things are certain to do, the public will know, as will the President, just where rests the responsibility, on whom rests the blame if any there is.

***

Chief Engineer Wallace, who attracted the favorable notice of the Congressional delegation which visited the isthmus and who enjoys the utmost confidence of the President and of his colleagues, will have direct charge of the construction of the canal and will avail himself of the abilities of the other engineers on the Commission as he may see fit, The great problem of constructing a lock canal or a sea level canal remains to be settled and is not likely to be solved at once, but this means no delay in the work. Mr. Wallace has informed the members of the Commission that there is no occasion to attempt to settle this problem at present. There is a great excavation to be made in any event, that is the first thing to be done and he suggests that the Commission continue to "dig" with all possible energy. As the work progresses the question of solid foundations on which to place the proposed locks will solve itself, as the surfaces on which the lock-canal plans call for lock foundations are exposed. Moreover, the Commission believes that it lacks the authority to make so radical a change in the design of the canal without the approval of Congress. If, as the work progresses, it seems best to dispense with locks altogether and construct a sea level canal, recommendations in accordance with the facts will be made to Congress and full authority will doubtless be given the Commission to adopt the most feasible plan

***

The first work undertaken will be the excavation of what is known as the Culebra cut. This cannot proceed very rapidly for the reason that the work will necessarily be cramped, the more so as the work progresses. The disposal of the great amount of material which must be taken out will of itself present a serious problem and when a certain number of men and certain number of excavating machines have been placed in operation further increase will be rendered impracticable. The present plans call for a ninety foot canal and the Commission does not expect to deviate from this specification.

***

With regard to the cost, Engineer Wallace reports that it will doubtless be less than was at first estimated, whatever form of canal is constructed. The lock canal will cost considerably less than the $100,000,000 estimated, and even the sea level canal can be constructed for a comparatively small increase over that amount, although the time required would be considerably longer.

***

Republican leaders are unmistakably worried over the Treasury deficit but they have not yet reached a point where they can formulate plans to remedy the gradual falling behind of the federal finances and they are unwilling to commit themselves. There has been some effort on the part of interested parties to create a sentiment in favor of taxing tea and coffee but it fell very flat. It soon became evident that the idea was put forth by the brewers and distillers who fear an increased tax on their products and who would like to divert public opinion to other sources of revenue. It was long the boast of the Republicans that the American breakfast table was free of tax, either direct or indirect. That boast is, of course, no longer possible but it is appreciated that any duty which made it harder for the average American citizen to provide his breakfast table with good coffee would prove disastrous to the party which fostered it.

***

The effort of Germany to draw this country into the Mediterranean situation by a specious appeal in behalf of the open door in Morocco has met with failure. The United States has, fortunately, no interests in that section.

Creasy Re-Elected.

At a meeting of the Democratic State Committee held at Harrisburg yesterday, J. P. Hall was unanimously re-elected State Chairman, and the following division chairmen, who constitute the State executive committee were elected: First division, Dr. John Walter, Lebanon; second, E. S. Doty, Redford; third, W. J. Brennen, Pittsburg; fourth W. H. Kneib, Erie; fifth, D. J. Driscoll, St. Marys; sixth, R. C. Russel, Williamsport; seventh, W. T. Creasy, Catawissa; eighth, John P. Donnelly, Philadelphia.

Appointed to Annapolis.

Congressman Samuel, of Mt. Carmel has made the following appointments to the Naval Academy at Annapolis, from his district: Principal, James Boyd Rutter, Bloomsburg; 1st alternate, Franklin Kemble, Mt Carmel; 2nd alternate, George Heister Bucher, Sunbury; 3rd alternate, John Joseph Wrede, Laporte. In the event that the principal does not pass the examination for admission, then the alternates are given a chance in the order named.

"General" Coxey Bankrupt

"Gen." Jacob S. Coxey, of Commonweal fame, was declared a bankrupt by the United States court at Columbus, O., Friday. Liabilities are $258,000. Judge Thompson ordered Coxey's discharge.

The assets of the former leader of the Commonweal army are tied up in the Coxey Sand company at Massillon, Ohio.

Y. W. C. A.

An outing club has been organized by the girls. They took their first tramp on Saturday when they went across the river for arbutus, and secured a nice lot. They will make a trip every two weeks.

An association garden will be started as soon as the weather permits.

In a Pinch, use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.
Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Corns, Bunions, Painful, Smarting, Hot, Swollen feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. 3-28 6t

Ayer's

You know the medicine that makes pure, rich blood—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Your mother, grandmother, all your folks, used it. They trusted

Sarsaparilla

it. Their doctors trusted it. Your doctor trusts it. Then trust it yourself. There is health and strength in it.

"I suffered terribly from indigestion and thin blood. I found no relief until I took Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Four bottles permanently cured me." MRS. F. R. HART, Mt. Kisco, N. Y.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass

for

Rich Blood

Ayer's Pills are gently laxative. They greatly aid the Sarsaparilla.

Townsend's

For Easter Fixens Townsend's

The Bean Contest is still open. We give away a $15.00 suit this month.

TOWNSEND'S

New Arrivals In Jap Silk Waists.

New shipment of these pretty waists. Easter is just around the corner; you'll want one of these waists, we warrant, the moment you see them. Almost unnumbered are they in style, frilled and furbelowed with lace and tucks. Never have we offered such good waists for so little.

White Jap Silk Waists, $2.50 to $5
Black Jap Silk Waists, $2.75 to $5

Women's Silk Shirt Waist Dresses.

You want something light and pretty? These must be what you are looking for. In color and make they are "various" as Sam Weller says of human nature.

All sizes and at numerous prices.

Pretty White Lawn Waists $1.00 to $4.25.

Every one worth more money than we ask for them. Every one in good taste. Nothing so flashy it won't stand wear. These are shirt waists that well gowned women like to wear. Many styles; some plainer than others, but every one the top notch of fashion.

F. P PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENNA.

Build up your Health and Strength with Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge

The great invigorator for WOMEN, CHILDREN and MEN.

When You Want to OPEN A BANK ACCOUNT, HAVE A CHECK CASHED, BORROW MONEY OR MAKE AN INVESTMENT,

Call on THE OLD RELIABLE

The Farmers National Bank

CAPITAL $60,000.00. SURPLUS $78,000,00.

C. M. CREVELING, PRES. M. MILLEISEN. CASHIER.

DIRECTORS:

J. L. MOYER, GRANT HERRING, H. A. MCKILLIP,
C. W. RUNYON, N. U. FUNK, C. M. CREVELING,
C. A. KLEIM, DR. J. J. BROWN, M. MILLEISEN.

A Man's feet are better judges of shoes than he is!

When you tuck your's into a pair of

"Keith's Konqueror"

Shoes they'll tell you they're comfortable at last.

$3.50 and $4.00

Chas. M. Evans,

AGENT FOR BLOOMSBURG.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1905

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

LOCAL NEWS.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

Don't think because a man isn't in jail that he is honest.

The Berwick Council will not appeal the Dickson case.

E. B. Tustin came home from New York last week and spent several days in town.

Miss Natalie Foulke will go to Philadelphia next week, where she will spend several weeks with friends.

Mrs. Daniel Snyder of Espy had a stroke of paralysis on Saturday. She is well known in Bloomsburg and has many relatives here.

V. B. Moyer is dressing the Market Square fountain for the summer season. A new coat of paint will add to its attractiveness.

Charles P. Elwell will receive pupils in pianoforte and harmony. Terms reasonable. Call or address 233 WestThird street. tf

Charles L. Sands of Mordansville will be an independent candidate for commissioner. He filled the position as a republican some years ago.

Fred. E. Walter has been appointed carrier on Rural route No. 4, which will be established from the Bloomsburg post office on May first.

Commencing Saturday night, the last car for Berwick will leave Market Square at eleven o'clock. This is forty minutes later than heretofore.

Ticket No. 16 won the watch chanced off by J. R. Fowler, and the holder of same can have the prize by presenting the coupon at the Grand Restaurant.

The improvements at the Central Hotel were started on Tuesday and will be pushed to a speedy completion. Contractor Harry Sharpless has charge of the work.

The diagram for the Wheelmen's big minstrels opens at Bidleman's tomorrow. Don't put off getting your seat until they are all gone. The demand will be great.

An exchange suggests that if some preacher was only smart enough to put a side door in his church, he would have it filled with men who would go in from force of habit.

The United States Geological Survey has established a gauging station at Danville. A current meter will be put in the river and apparatus installed for recording the volume of water which flows down the streams and for securing other valuable data. There are other gauging stations at Harrisburg, Wilkes-Barre and on the West Branch at Williamsport.

Fifteen employees of the Paul E. Wirt pen factory are having an enforced vacation as the result of a disablement of one of the engines. Only the office force and those in the assembling room are working.

Employees of the Bloomsburg Silk Mill will have every Saturday afternoon to themselves from this week on throughout the summer. They will make the time by increasing the working hours of other days.

The display windows on the dress goods side of the F. P. Pursel store have been beautifully and artistically trimmed by John Knies for the Easter season. The use of several very pretty Easter lilies, imparts an additional charm to the display.

The advisability of building a new school house or repairing the present one, and the establishing of a high school are two questions to be considered at a public meeting of the taxpayers of Hemlock township, to be held at Buckhorn on Saturday.

Mrs. H. L. Davis, relict of the late William Davis, died at the home of her grandson S C. Pettit, on Normal Hill yesterday, aged eighty-eight years. She leaves to survive her three sons; Silas, of Mahanoy City, Harry of Nebraska and J. R. of Ashland.

Talk is cheap and sometimes it don't count for much. One day we were called a crank and a fool, and also told we got out the best paper in the county, and all not an hour apart. One must have been a roast and the other a jolly. But, say, we enjoyed the latter much the best.

Residents of town will do well to keep their hen coops securely locked. Chicken thieves are active again, and several people residing in the vicinity of East Fifth street have suffered from their visitations. It is too bad that this despicable class cannot be caught in the act and severely punished for their nefarious work.

Morgan Samuels, a former resident of Bloomsburg, and a brother of George Samuels of town, died at his home in West Nanticoke, Sunday morning. While in Bloomsburg, he married Miss Mary Hopkins, who with three sons and three daughters survive. Mr. Samuels was 58 years of age, and was a member of the Bloomsburg Lodge of Odd Fellows.

Palm Sunday was observed in the local churches with appropriate lessons and sermons. The triumphal entry of Jesus into Jerusalem was told from every pulpit and the choirs rendered special music. The observance was especially marked in St. Columba's Catholic church, and at the conclusion of the service palms were blessed, and distributed among the parishioners. The latter was also done at St. Paul's church in the morning.

HENRY W. CHAMPLIN, M. D.,
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SPECIALIST
Ent Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

A neat pamphlet has come to our desk which contains an address on "Forestry", delivered by S. C. Creasy to the members of the Pennsylvania Lumbermen's Association, at their annual meeting held in Philadelphia January 12th 1905. An excellent portrait of Mr. Creasy appears on the first page, and an excellent address covers the other pages.

Governor Pennypacker has vetoed the bill which provided for the payment of a salary to the chief burgess of boroughs. Had it become a law the question would have arisen whether it applied to the President of the Town Council of Bloomsburg. Under our anomalous town organization we never know "where we are at."

We recently had a welcome letter from J. Howard Kline, of Weston, Ohio. Mr. Kline lived for many years at Orangeville, and it will soon be eighteen years since he bought one of the Caleb Barton farms in Wood county, and moved out there. He has many relatives and friends here who would be glad to see him more frequently.

It is astonishing how many people appear to think that it is the business of a newspaper to jump in and lambast everything in sight at the request of any modest individual who has not the nerve to move a hen off her nest. If any honest man has occasion to rake a brother citizen over the coals on account of a personal or public grievance, he can send in a letter over his name, and if it is not a libel, we shall let him see how it looks in print.

How very frequently we hear the remark; "How can that fellow support a wife?" But it don't appear to affect the marriage market to any very perceptible extent. Fear of poverty and hardship seldom ever stands in the way of a couple who are honestly satisfied with each other. The passion for each other's society strengthens mind and will, and such obstacles as lack of means and misty prospects instantly vanish.

Governor Pennypacker is swinging the veto axe quite lively, and has already shown that he has opinions of his own, and is not to be dominated by the machine leaders. Many influences are being brought to bear upon him to induce him to veto the iniquitous Philadelphia ripper bill, the object of which is to take all power from the Mayor, and put it in the hands of Councils. This would mean a return to the lawlessness of twenty years ago. It is believed by the friends of good government that the Governor will not allow this bill to become a law.

A shoe dealer says a late fad which is likely to become popular this spring, especially with women, is the tan-colored rubber overshoe. These rubbers are, of course, intended to be worn with tan-colored shoes, and they are, for some mysterious reason, more visible on a tan shoe, if the shades are the same, than a black rubber is on a black shoe. "When you come to think of it," said the dealer, it's queer the tan rubber was not thought of long ago, for a black rubber on a tan shoe certainly does make the feet unduly conspicuous on a muddy day. I suppose the makers never believed that the tan shoe had come to stay, but now that its permanence seems assured they are making rubbers to match.

Addressed Ministerial Association.

Rev. Dr. W. P. Eveland, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church was present as a visitor and made a brief address at a meeting of the Methodist Ministerial Association held at Harrisburg on Monday. A number of interesting subjects were discussed. One topic that came before the meeting, and in which the Methodists of Bloomsburg will doubtless be interested, was the arranging for a celebration to be known as Methodists' Day. It is the intention of the association to have the Methodists of Central Pennsylvania meet at Reservoir Park, Harrisburg, some day in July. It is to be one of the greatest summer events ever held in the Capitol City. A bishop and other prominent men will make the orations of the day, which will be interspersed by music both vocal and instrumental. Many representative leaders of the church will also be present.

A Special Town Meeting.

Called to vote a sum of money to be appropriated by the Supervisor pro rata to deserving farmers who have produced the greatest number of bushels from the smallest acreage would be of vital interest to Farmers. Of no less interest should they treat the serious matter of selecting a Plow, the most important implement used on the farm, light of draft, easy to hold, patent wheel and jointer standards and other improvements that cost nothing extra are found only on the guaranteed "LeRoy Plows." Sold by 3

H. G. SUPPLEE, Bloomsburg, Pa,
E. E. LOW, Lime Ridge, Pa.

PURELY PERSONAL

Geo. Hummer of Elk Grove was in town yesterday.

C. C. Trench is in New York this week on business.

Boyd F. Maize Esq. left yesterday for New York City on business.

William Webb will go to Pittston on Monday to accept his new position.

Asher D. Moyer has returned to New York after a visit with his mother and sister in town.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Coffman have changed their place of residence from Bloomsburg to Waynesboro.

Dr. A. K. Aldinger arrived home yesterday from New York City where he had been attending a convention of physical culture and training.

Joe Gidding left yesterday for Chicago where he will be employed in a large clothing and gents' furnishing establishment.

C. A. Wesley of Stillwater was noticed on our streets Tuesday. Mr. Wesley has been in impaired health of late and his visit here Tuesday was for the purpose of consulting a physician.

NEW UPPER END ENTERPRISE.

The enterprise and public spiritedness of some of the upper end residents have formed an outlet in the organization of a new company, the purpose and object of which is the construction of a new telephone line to extend from Benton to Jamison City. The corporation will be known as the Benton Mutual Telephone Company. A meeting was held on Tuesday and the following officers elected: Presidenf, W. H. Hess; Vice President, C. E. Yorks; Secretary, T. C. Smith; Treasurer, M. A. Phillips; Directors, M. O. Everhart, Thos. Edwards, V. A. Buck, Oscar Ammerman and A. L. Firtz.

It is expected that the line will be built and ready for operation in the very near future. The work will be started at once and will be hurried to completion.

At Benton the proposed line will connect with the Pennsylvania Telephone, thereby furnishing a long distance service.

His Liberty Was Brief.

William Courtright, who, it will be remembered, was convicted before Judge Little of stealing some cigars from an agent's sample case in the Exchange Hotel, and for which crime he was sentenced to two years in the penetentiary, is again in the toils, this time for burglary. Only a week had elapsed from the time of his release from the penitentiary, when the charm of waywardness again took hold upon him, and he attempted to rob the Eaton mansion at Berwick. The attempt was made early yesterday morning. He effected an entrance, but the noise betrayed him and he was discovered. Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Crispin heard him in the house and when they turned on the light the burglar took to his heels. He was seen to emerge from the the house and sevral shots were fired at him but all went wide of the mark. Adam Clayberger was put on the case. He followed up the discriptions given him, and yesterday he arrested Courtright in the bar-room of the Morton House at Berwick. He was arraigned before Squire Miller at Nescopeck, and plead guilty.

New Club Members.

Thirty-five new members have been added to the Bloomsburg Wheelmen during the past week. At a meeting held last week the following were admitted: F. P. Pursel, N. U. Funk, Fred Ikeler, R. D. Young, John A. Whitney, Paul R. Eyerly, H. Mont. Smith, C. P. Wilson, J. E. Wingate, A. Z. Schoch, Lloyd B. Skeer, Clinton Herring, W. D. Beckley, Wm. W. Fegley, Robert D. Dent, Wm. H. Snyder, Jas. C. Brown, G. M. Tustin, C. B. Lutz, E. G. Mateer. W. H. Brower, C. R. Mendenhall, W. H. Moore, H. B. Clark, Geo. E. Elwell and Warland Evans. And again on Tuesday night the following were favorably acted upon: Jno. R. Townsend, Samuel Wigfall, W. S. Reed, M. Milleisen, E. C. Caswell, Myron I. Low, Chas. F. Altmiller, J. L. Dillon and Clyde C. Yetter.

Capital Increased.

At a recent meeting of the stockholders of the Bloomsburg National Bank the capital stock was increased from $60,000 to $100,000. The certificate of approval was received from the Comptroller of the Currency on Tuesday. This bank started business not many years ago with $60,000 capital stock, and $60,000 surplus, and by its conservative and judicious management it has attained a high place amongthe banks of this section.

WANTED.

Creasy and Wells of Bloomsburg Pa. want 25 teams to haul lumber from three of their saw mills, to their lumber yard at Bloomsburg, Pa, a distance of 8 miles. Good fair prices will be paid. 4t.

Spring Dress Goods

The showing of these new materials for the Season is now at its best. *"THE CLARK STORE* gives you the Correct Materials at moderate prices.

Mohairs, 50, 65, 75 and 1.00 — Wool Batiste, 50 and 65 yd.
Sicilians, 50, 75, 1.00, 1.25 — Wool Crepe, 75 and 1.00 yd.
Floradora Mohairs, 65c. — Panama Suitings, 50 and 1.00
Black Dress Goods a full line.
Colored Goods good assortment.

Dress Silks.
Never before have we shown so complete a range nor at so low prices as now.
27 in. Changables 74c.
27 in. Nippons 74c.
27 in. Black Pongee 75c.
27 in. Black Taffeta 75c.
36 in. Black Taffeta 1.00
21 in. Black Poude Soie 78

Easter Gloves.
Complete lines of kid gloves in black and colors 1.00 per pair. Silk gloves black and colors 50c. 75c. and 1.00 pair.

Easter Neckwear.
The most complete line of collars, sets, turnovers, ruchings,, buster ruchings, windsor ties, etc.

Hosiery-Underwear.
New lines of both hosiery for ladies and children in black, tan and white. See the 25c. 39c, 50c ladies'. Children's 10c. and upwards

Coats for Easter.
Those stylish spring coats please many at 4.98, 5.68, 6.84, 7.48 and 10.00. The new long box coat just out.

White Dress Goods.
A large line of all the leading materials of the season. French lawns in 45 and 50 in. widths at 19c., 30c, 35c, 50c, 60c yd. India linens 10c to 30c. French mulls 50c to 75c. Shrunken muslins. Linen finish muslins. Batistes, organdies, dimities, dotted swisses 15c to $5 a yard.

Belts and Girdles.
A complete line of both. Fancy girdles 50c to 1.25. Belts 25c. 60c. and 75c.

Bags, Suit Cases.
New line of ladies' wrist bags at 50c to 2.50. Beaded bags 25c to 3 50. Suit cases 1.00 to 10.00. Full line.

Ribbons.
A complete line of warp printed effect. So popular for sashes,girdles and bows. Messaline ribbons for sashes, bows, girdles and hat trimmings.

Shirt Waists.
You will find our lines of these in White China Silk and Cotton to be right.

See the White Skirts, Night Robes, Drawers, Corset Covers

The Clark Store.

TALK NO. 67.

SAVE YOUR EYESIGHT BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE

The proper care of the eyes will save all the worries and miseries that neglect of them will surely bring.

Correctly fitted glasses will remedy the ills already begun.

Skill and experience alone can adjust glasses properly.

Geo. W. Hess,

OPTICIAN AND JEWELER, BLOOMSBURG, PENNA

Alexander Brothers & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Confectionery and Nuts.

Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

JUPITER, KING OSCAR, WRITTEN GUARANTEE, COLUMBIAN, ETC.

Also F. F. Adams & Co's FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO.

ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

Carpets, Rugs, Matting and Draperies, Oil Cloth and Window Curtains

You Will Find a Nice Line at

W. H. BROWER'S

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

A leading banker says of counterfeit bills: If you want to detect a bogus bill, just wet your finger slightly and rub it over the current number of the bill—not the denomination, but the current number consisting of several figures which is stamped on every piece of currency. This bit of printing is the special feature of the work. The number is printed under tremendous pressure and with an indelible ink which is used for this and by the government only. The number on the bad bill will blur and blot under that treatment but the good paper will remain unaffected.

Leases and quit notices for sale at this office 4t.

LADIES

Safe, Quick, Reliable Regulator

Superior to other remedies sold at high prices. Cure guaranteed. Successfully used by over 200,000 Women. Price, 25 Cents, druggists or by mail. Testimonials & booklet free.

Dr. LaFranco, Philadelphia, Pa.

WARS OF THE WORLD

Seldom That This Planet is Without a Fight.

OLD FIGHTS STILL ON

Hardly a Section of the World in Which Some Quarrel or Other is Not Being Threshed Out.—Some Serious Other Trivials.—Our Own Trouble in the East.

The number of wars now in progress will hardly be believed says the Boston Transcript. For that matter, the world is scarcely ever without an armed dispute going on somewhere on its surface. We ourselves are still involved in a minor difficulty with refractory tribes in the Philippines.

The Armenians are arrayed against the Turks. Somaliland is angry with England, and is actually fighting Italy. The Germans continue their unsuccessful warfare with the Hereroes in southwest Africa. In Morocco the Sultan is defending his throne against a pretender and the century old contest between the Dutch and the natives in Sumatra goes on unabated.

Peanut Venders $200,000 Bride.

No longer will aged Henry Chamberlain sell peanuts in Kalamazoo. His stand is abandoned forever. He

has married Miss Julia Damon, 69 years old. The blushing bride who will soon see 70 has over $200,000 in her own right.

This wedding of the rich spinster and the impoverished peanut vender was no elopement—far from it. There was a formal ceremony and some of the best people in Kalamazoo were there to bid the couple happiness.

The bride frankly owned up that her bridegroom was her first love and her only love, and that their difference in financial condition could make no difference with her.

Saved By a Cowboy's Rope.

During the recent high waters on the Arkansas River a cowboy from the 101 ranch near here was able to save a life by being an expert with the lasso. The cowboy, rode to the river that morning to view the flood, and, while sitting on the bank, noticed a man floating down stream. The cowboy shouted words of encouragement to the man, and then, riding down stream, awaited the man's coming at a bend in the river. The unfortunate man, tossed by the current, soon drew near, and, wading as far as he dared into the river, the cowboy whirled his lariat and, securing the man drew him ashore.—Kansas City Journal.

Treaty Favors United States.

A great opportunity exists for American merchants to increase their trade with Brazilian buyers if they take immediate advantage of the new reciprocity treaty between these two Governments.

While there is nothing to prevent the Brazilian Government from rescinding this decree next year, it is hoped that it will be permanent. In the meantime, manufacturers who send their agents to Rio Janeiro, Belle Horonzonte. Bahi, Pernambuco and other important Brazilian towns, have an immediate opportunity of largely increasing their trade.

Search for New Planet.

Astronomers are looking forward with unusual interest to the total eclipse of the sun, which will occur on the 30th of August, 1905.

Eclipse problems relate not only to the properties of the less massive portions of the sun, but also to the question of possible planets between the sun and Mercury. The search for such objects has been a well-defined eclipse problem; the sunlit sky prevents effective search by everyday methods. No such bodies have been detected, however, up to the present time.

35 Years the Age Limit.

The Delaware and Hudson Railroad has made its age limit for new employes thirty-five years. In future no one will be employed who is under twenty-one or over thirty-five.

They will also be compelled to undergo a rigid physical examination.

Applicants as well as the present employes must be conversant with the rules and the examinations will be severe.

New Tunnel Construction.

Probably the most original piece of engineering work along the whole route of the rapid transit subway in New York is the tunnel which is being built beneath the Harlem river. The method adopted is entirely new in a work of this character.—Scientific American.

CRANIUMS OF CANDIDATES.

What They Reveal as Read by a Phrenologist.

Prof. Charles F. Boger, a Chicago phrenologist, has completed a study of the craniums of Roosevelt, Parker, Hearst and Bryan.

"Mr. Hearst is not so logical as Mr. Bryan," said Prof. Boger. "Neither is he as practical as Judge Parker. Bryan, too, is more theoretical than practical. William R. Hearst is only fairly social, and, notwithstanding his well-known advocacies in the interests of the masses, is at heart an aristocrat and exclusive in his friendship and affection."

Among other things, Prof. Boger says of Judge Parker:

"His head is large and well developed in the moral, esthetic and subjective regions. In speaking he would be inclined to use his hands only little. He lacks the strenuosity of a Roosevelt and the magnetism of a Bryan. He is ultra-conservative and secretive. He manifests a very high regard for things beautiful.

"President Roosevelt's head is well balanced. He is utterly devoid of pretense or affectation. He is sincere and loyal to the core. President Reesevelt knows instinctively whom and whom not to trust. President Roosevelt is a living example of righteous and abstemious living. He is a doer, not a dreamer."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Stewart's Grave.

The Secretary of the Navy was informed recently that the grave of Rear Admiral Stewart, the hero of the War of 1812, was in a neglected condition and unmarked in the Ronaldson Cemetery, Philadelphia.

The Secretary has directed the Bureau of Navigation to investigate fully, and, if the grave is identified as that of Admiral Stewart, to select either the National Cemetery at Arlington or the Naval Cemetery at Annapolis as a place of reinterment.

Admiral Stewart's daughter married Mr. Parnell, an Irish gentleman, and was the mother of Charles Stewart Parnell.

Man Should Not Grow Old.

No one wants to grow old, and according to Professor Metchnikoff no one need—if only one can capture and kill the microbe which is productive of the disease. Old age, the professor insists, is not a necessary condition, but is a chronic ailment the cure for which science has not yet discovered, but surely will.

Man has a distinct aversion to growing old feeling instinctively that in old age there is something abnormal. Now, we give medicine to allay pain, why should we not discover some remedy for old age, which after all is a chronic disease?

Counterfeits Fall Off.

The annual report of the operations of the Secret Service Division was made to Secretary of the Treasury Shaw by Chief Wilkie. Among other things, reference is made to an effort on the part of the division to secure an estimate of the amount of counterfeit money in circulation in the United States. The figures indicated about $3 in counterfeit coin for each $100,000 of gold and silver in circulation, and a little less than $1 in counterfeit notes for each $100,000 of paper circulation.

Finds Cure for Bright's Disease.

Professor Winfield Ayers, associate professor of the Post Graduate Hospital, New York, caused a sensation at the meeting of the American Medical Association here by announcing that he had discovered a cure for Bright's disease, an ailment heretofore considered fatal.

His treatment consists of injecting curative drugs directly into the kidneys. By doing this he is able to use much stronger medicines than could possibly be used through the stomach.

God Save the King.

A Greek professes to have discovered that the British national anthem is merely a plagiarism from the Byzantine. The statement is that on a manuscript just acquired by the National Library in Athens there is inscribed the notation of the hymn of Constantine Paleologos, the last Emperor of Byzantium, and this, on being transcribed and played, is said to have presented so many similarities to "God Save the King" as to strike everybody familiar with the English air.

Ship Cut Whales In Two.

One of the finest fish stories of the season came into port recently with the American schooner Adelia T. Carleton, from Marcoris, Santo Domingo. Her captain and crew swore the stout ship had cut clean through and killed two whales that tried to cross her bows.

YANKEE GOLD IN MEXICO

Railways Absorb $50,000,000 of American Capitol.

INDUSTRIAL STIMULANT

Despite a Pronounced Decrease in Railway Construction in This Country Our Sister Republic Has Attracted Capital to Construct New Roads.

More than $50,000,0000 of American capital has gone into Mexico for railroads and attendant industries during the past year. This is a striking fact because of the pronounced decrease in new railway construction in the United States within the same period.

Traffic managers of United States railway systems say that the Mexican lines, as a rule, get a larger proportionate profit for their freight and passenger business than do the American lines. Much of the railroad traffic in Mexico is local in character, and the short hauls afford a larger percentage of profit than the frequent very long hauls on the American roads.

Huge Coal Storage Plant.

President Baer of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company has awarded to the Link Belt Engineering Company, of this city, the contract for the construction of the largest coal storage plant in the world. The plant, which will have a capacity of more than half a million tons of coal, will be located at Abrams, on the main line of the Reading Railway, near Bridgeport, Penn., and will have railroad frontage of fully a mile. The plant will consist of eight piles, with a capacity of 60,000 tons each. It will have a guaranteed receiving capacity of 14,000 tons in ten hours, and a discharging capacity of 10,000 tons in the same time.

"Relics" of Waterloo.

The last time Victor Hugo went to Waterloo he saw some Belgian bumpkins discharging old firelocks at the walls of a freshly whitewashed farmhouse. As he saw no target, he asked why they did this. An elderly man of prosperous appearance, with a broad grin showing gaps in the teeth, said: "It is for the tourists."

"How for the tourists?"

"You see, the premises began to look out of repair, and the house untidy. I had fresh plaster and whitewash put on. We are now making bullet marks to show the excursionists whom the old sergeants take round;" and then, grinning more broadly, "You are a Frenchman, and do not believe in relics. The English gape at them and buy them manufactured, and write about them in note books."—London Truth.

Fears Earth Will Stop.

Frederick Laub, a corporal in the quartermaster's department, at League Island Navy Yard, has prepared a petition which he intends submitting to Congress asking to have the Standard Oil Company restrained from further operations. Laub claims that the oil in the earth is necessary to lubricate it, in order to keep it revolving, and that if the oil is removed, as is being done in vast quantities by the Standard Company, the revolutions will cease. This would, he claims, deal a fatal blow to a plan of airial transportation, which he is now working out.

Washing His Lies Away.

Like the poor Italian, the poor Japanese has always a little shrine in his house, in which is enthroned one of the Seven Gods of Riches or a family saint. Every morning he makes an offering of a cake, a little rice and

a sprig of green, and every night he lights a little lamp in front of it. In Japanese worship ablutions play a large part, and the boy shown in the illustration, having indulged in the luxury of many lies, is undergoing a process of purification. The illustration is from the London Graphic.

Consumption of Paraffine Wax.

The consumption of paraffine wax is increasing all over the world, and it is reported to be doubtful whether the output is increasing correspondingly. The exports of paraffine wax from the United States in 1903 were larger than in any preceding year, amounting to 204,119,928, and domestic consumption has been greatly increased. The wax is obtained from the higher grades of petroleum.

$13,000,000 Gold Yield.

A dispatch from Dawson says the gold output to June 30 has been $150,000 more than during the same period last year. The season's output is estimated at more than $13,000,000.

TWO NEW AFRICAN RAILROADS.

Lines Just Opened in the Far Interior of the Dark Continent.

Two notable events have occurred in Africa within a few weeks.

One is the completion, after years of labor, of steam connection between the French port of Dakar at Cape Verde, Senegal, with Bammaku on the upper. Niger. Hereafter all who wish to visit the city of Timbuctu, which a few years ago was closed to the Christian world and which only four or five white men had ever seen, may travel every foot of the way by railroad or steam vessel.

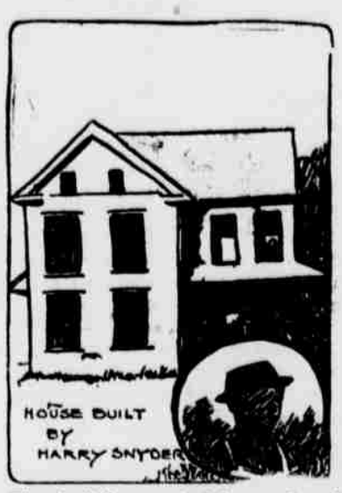
The other is the opening of the Cape-to-Cairo railroad as far north as Victoria Falls on the Zambesi.

It took eight years to build the first ninety miles of it. Then the enterprise stopped and was not revived till five years ago.

About 4,000 black laborers have built the road under the charge of sub-overseers of their own race and French superintendents and engineers.

Boy Builds a House.

In the hamlet of Martinville, Pa., in Lower Windsor township, is an example of precocity in the person of Harry Snyder, fourteen years old, who built a two story cottage house, which when finished with be worth $900.



The building material was bought with the lad's own money, which is the result of his industry during vacation months.

Young Snyder will find a tenant for the house. Some day he may occupy it himself, and take a bride there, but his thoughts are not upon matrimony now. He says he expects to own many houses before he is old enough to think of marrying.

Crusade Against American Whalers.

Canada is now planning a crusade against American whalers fishing in waters she claims as her own. She has had in Hudson Bay since last summer the Newfoundland seal ship Neptune, with an armed expedition headed by Major Moodie, of the Northwest mounted police, who bears a commission as "Governor of Hudson Bay," with the object of driving out New Bedford whalers.

The outcome of the present agitation will doubtless be that the American whalers will be forced out of the waters they have frequented so long unless some compromise is effected in their behalf. The only beneficiaries, as matters look as present, would be the Scotch and English whalers, who, as subjects of the British empire, will have full rights to chase the cetaceans in Canadian waters, and will be aided there by the absence of their American rivals.

Worst "Bad Man" Dead.

"Kid" Curry, one of the last of the Western "bad men," is dead. For cool, unflinching outlawry he takes his place with "Billy the Kid," "Wild Bill," "Apache Kid," the Earps, the Youngers and the James boys. True to tradition, he died fighting. Wounded, cornered by a posse, he said calmly to a companion who sought to rescue him, "I'm all in," and, turning his pistol to his head, sent a bullet through his brain.

Thus the most desperate of recent bandits met his death.

Triumph for Self Made Man.

The placing of the contract for the Nile bridges at Rodah Island, near Cairo, with Sir William Arrol is another triumph for the self-made man. Two score years ago young Arrol was earning a few shillings a week in a cotton mill; four years later he was a blacksmith's striker, and, when little more than a boy, was married on 30s. a week. Since then he has built the Forth Bridge at a cost of £1,600,000, the Tay Bridge, and the Tower Bridge, London, and carried out great schemes innumerable.

Small Ice Crop.

In the state of Maine, where in former years the harvesting of ice for market in more southern latitudes was carried to enormous proportions, the total quantity cut during last winter, though there were perfect conditions for securing a large crop, was but 485,000 tons, against 700,000 gathered in the winter of 1902-03.

New Mountain Railroad.

Another one of the Swiss peaks near Interlaken—the Wetterhorn—is to be made accessible to tourists by rail. Funds are being collected for an overhead cable system, the cost of which will be comparatively small.

Large Yield of Opium.

Estimates received from producing sources in Smyrna say that the crop of opium will be between ten thousand and twelve thousand cases, which is about 100 per cent greater than the average yield.

HOW TO HOLD A HUSBAND.

The best known guide to married happiness is to hold the husband as you won the lover—by cheerfulness of disposition, patience and keeping your youthful looks. Of course a great many women are handicapped by those ills to which women are heir. The constantly recurring troubles which afflict her are apt to cause a sour disposition, nervousness and a beclouded mind.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, the specialist in woman's diseases, of Buffalo, N. Y., after a long experience in treating such diseases, found that certain roots and herbs made into a liquid extract, would help the majority of cases. This he called Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Thousands of women have testified to its merits, and it is put up in shape to be easily procured and is sold by all medicine dealers. This is a potent tonic for the womanly system. So much faith has Dr. Pierce in its merits that he offers $500 reward for any case of Leucorrhea, Female Weakness, Prolapsus, or Falling of Womb, which he cannot cure. All he asks is a fair and reasonable trial of his means of cure.

Mrs. T. Dolan, of Madrid, Perkins Co., Nebr., writes: "I was cured of painful periods by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and his Compound Extract of Smart-Weed. I think Dr. Pierce's medicines the best in the world."

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong, sick women well. Accept no substitute for the medicine which works wonders for weak women.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper-covered book, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

CALIFORNIA.

California entertains every year a host of visitors. By reason of this, she has gained a great reputation for hospitality. California wants you to visit her this spring. The Rock Island System would like to have you try its up-to-date service from Chicago or St. Louis to the Golden State. As a special inducement greatly reduced rates are offered daily, March 1 to May 15. Ask your home agent or write to John Sebastian, Passenger Traffic Manager, Rock Island System, Chicago.

A Fortunate Young Lady.

Miss Jennie Martin, 176 North Paul St., Rochester, N. Y., says: I suffered long from kidney complaints—home physicians and their medicine failed to afford me relief. A friend induced me to try Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy made at Rondout, N. Y. The effect was wonderful. By the time I had taken two bottles I was completely cured and have had no trouble since.

EXPOSURE to a sudden climatic change produces cold in the head and catarrh is apt to follow. Provided with Ely's Cream Balm you are armed against Nasal Catarrh. Price 50 cents at Druggists or Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York, will mail it. The Balm cures without pain, does not irritate or cause sneezing. It spreads itself over an irritated and angry surface, relieving immediately the painful inflammation, cleanses and cures. Cream Balm quickly cures the cold.

Love is blind, but vain regret has good eyesight.

"I feel as if I should fly to pieces." How often those words are on a woman's lips. They express to the uttermost the nerve racked condition of the body, which makes life a daily martyrdom.

If this condition had come suddenly it would have been unbearable But the transition was gradual. A little more strain each day on the nerves. A little more drain each day of the vitality. Any woman would be glad to be rid of such a condition. Every woman tries to be rid of it. Thousands of such women have been cured by Dr. Pierce's treatment with his "Favorite Prescription" when local doctors had entirely failed to cure.

"Favorite Prescription" contains no opium, cocaine or other narcotic.

The dyspeptic doesn't have to eat pie in order to get crusty.

Palpitation of the Heart.—Faint or Dizzy Spells and Nervousness relieved in 30 minutes. Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure not only cures the heart, but the nerves as well. It cures by a new process and is an honest, harmless, wonderful remedy for weak hearts, weak nerves, weak blood.—29

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Every girl who wears corsets isn't staid and straight-laced.

Salt Rheum Cured Quick.—Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures Salt Rheum and all itching or burning skin diseases in a day. One application gives almost instant relief. For Itching, Blind, or Bleeding Piles it stands without a peer. Cures in three to six nights. 35 cents.—30

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

The corkscrew demonstrates that one good turn deserves another.

Welcome Death.—"I was for two years a great sufferer from heart trouble and nervousness. At times my pain was so intense that I would have welcomed death. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gave me relief in 30 minutes After using four bottles I can truly say I never felt better in my life." Margaret Smith, Brussels, Ont. —31 Sold by C. A. Kleim.

The man can never do what the boy might have done.

Pill-Fame.—10 cents a vial for Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills would not make them the fame they enjoy to-day if the curative powers were not in them. Worth will get to the top and that accounts for the wonderful demand for these little gems. They positively cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache.—32

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

JURYMEN FOR MAY TERM.

The following are the "Gentlemen of the Jury," drawn to serve at the May term of Court:

GRAND JURORS.

B. S. Bodine, farmer, Cleveland
John Cadman, gent. Bloom
Harry Creasy, huckster, Cata. Twp.
Roy Dildine, farmer, Greenwood
N. J. Englehart, wagon maker, Scott
John Earhart, clerk, Bloom
Charles Eck, farmer, Montour
Henry Fry, farmer, Madison
Jacob Fenstamacher, farmer, Main
A. W. Gruver, farmer, Main
Boyd Hagenbuch, farmer, Orange twp
Joseph Henry, farmer, Orange twp.
Wesley Hetler, farmer, Mifflin.
J. O. Hartman, laborer, Cata. Boro
J. W. Ipher, farmer, Benton twp.
Warren Kline, farmer, Greenwood
Jacob Knouse, farmer, Jackson
Harry McMichael, farmer, Mt. Pleasant
O. F. Pealer, farmer, Fishingcreek
James Quick, blacksmith, Montour.
Harry Seesholtz, farmer, Orange twp.
C. E. Savage, jeweler, Bloom
M. J. Smith, merchant Stillwater, Boro
John Scott, farmer, Centre

PETIT JURORS.

Michael Barrett, laborer, Conyngham
Frank Boyce, laborer, Bloom
Bowman Bower, laborer, Berwick
C. J. Brittan, laborer, Berwick
Charles Brader, laborer, Berwick
Frank Derr, liveryman, Bloom
Frank Deittrick, laborer, Bloom
Frank Davis, farmer, Mt. Pleasant
Pardee Everhard, farmer, Jackson
Luther Eyer, clerk, Catawissa Boro
Jonas Edgar, carpenter, Greenwood
Edward Englehard, farmer, Franklin
Charles Fruit, mail carrier, Madison
John Gardner, farmer, Pine
E. B. Guie, coal dealer, Catawissa Boro
Henry Hippensteel, farmer, Orange twp
Edward Hartman, farmer, Madison
Lemual Harman, farmer Briarcreek
F. H. Hagenbuch, farmer, Center
L. E. Hippensteel, farmer, Mt. Plsnt.
Rowe Ikeler, farmer, Hemlock
John M. Johnston, farmer, Greenwood
Tilden Kline, blacksmith, Bloom
James Karshner, farmer, Mifflin
F. R. Kline, farmer, Benton twp
Emanuel Levan, miner, Conyngham
David Long, miller, Roaringcreek
Isaiah Masteller, farmer, Madison
W. H. Miller, farmer, Mifflin
Robert Morris, gent, Bloom
Frank W. Miller, merchant, Centralia
Hurley Moser, farmer, Madison
Benjamin McMichael, farmer, Gr'nw'd
Geo. W. Miller, farmer, Greenwood
J. W. Mifflin, merchant, Bloom
John Mensch, farmer, Montour
Jerre Oberdorf, shoemaker, Cata. Boro
Edward Rooney, laborer, Conyngham
W. P. Robbins, farmer, Greenwood
Charles, Rebble, laborer, Mt. Pleasant
David Sterner, laborer, Bloom
Jacob Steen, landlord, Sugarloaf
R. W. Smith, laborer, Mifflin
E. G. Sweppenheiser, farmer, Center
S. E. Steadman, farmer, Sugarloaf
Jonah Townsend, farmer, Scott
Miles Welliver, farmer, Madison
Chas. M. Wenner, farmer, Fishingcreek

SECOND WEEK.

Charles Aten, farmer, Mifflin
P. Lloyd Appleman, c'rpntr, Benton B
I. M. Betz, merchant, Montour
Evan Buckalew, dealer, Benton Boro
George Budman, laborer, Berwick
Emanuel Bogert, farmer, Fishingcreek
R. L. Beishline, farmer, Fishingcreek
D. W. Carter, laborer, Bloom
Joseph Chrisman, boatman, Bloom
Geo. M. Durling, farmer, Mifflin
Henry Deichmiller, farmer, Hemlock
W. E. Diettrich, merchant, Scott
Jackson Emmitt, farmer, Hemlock
William Gordner, farmer, Pine
Harrison Greenly, farmer, Pine
Stephen Hughes, farmer, Cata. Boro
Clinton Hartman, tax collector, Scott
Reuben Hess, gent. Bloom
John H. Lunger, J. P., Jackson
William Lemon, carpenter, Bloom
William Masteller, carpenter, Main
William McMahon, farmer, Mt. Pleas't
John G. McHenry, distiller, Benton T
Bruce McMichael, farmer, Fishingc'k
John Morris, farmer, Pine
Mark Mendenhall, clerk, Millville
Moses Markle, shoemaker, Berwick
J. G. Quick, coal dealer, Bloom
W. E. Rinker, clerk, Bloom
W. H. Runyon, farmer, Madison
Josiah Ralston, merchant, Bloom
Elisha Ringrose, farmer, Center
B. F. Sharpless, gent, Bloom
J. R. Sutton, tax collector, Berwick
J. L. Williams, farmer, Center
Isaiah Yeager, former, Catawissa twp

Quarantine For Meningitis.

Dr. George G Groff, of the State Board of Health, advises strict quarantine in cases of cerebro-spinal meningitis. Precautions, such as isolation and fumigation, will be taken in cases of this disease in the future and when the malady has a fatal termination, private interment will be observed. Although grown up persons are liable to the disease, it is more common among children, who are very susceptible to attack.

HUMPHREYS'

Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the SICK PART: without loss of time.

A. A. CURES } FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES } SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES } SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES } WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES } COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES } COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES } KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES } SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES } BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

60c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

☞ BOOK MAILED FREE.

ITALY'S NEW INDUSTRY

Experiments in Planting and Raising Cotton Abroad.

ONE CROP HARVESTED.

In the Colony of Eritrea, a Crop of Cotton Exceeding All Anticipations Has Already Been Realized. —Expert Planters Are at Work. —Will Not Use American Seed.

The Society for the Cultivation of Cotton in the Colony of Eritrea has just been incorporated at Milan, Italy, under royal Governmental auspices. The society has had a corps of expert planters laboring in Eritrea, which is adjacent to Abyssinia, and one crop has already been realized, which, it is claimed by the society, exceeds anticipations.

In planting, Egyptian, Congo and other Eastern seeding was used, to the exclusion of the American, in which they feared the dreaded boll weevil might be introduced.

The labor available at Naples is the cheapest anywhere in Europe, and this time is held by Neapolitans to promise employment for the masses of that city, whose hardships have heretofore been rendered irremediable by the scarcity of menial work within the shadow of Vesuvius.

Eiffel Tower Struck.

One evening a spectacular hail and thunderstorm passed over Paris, in

the course of which the Eiffel tower was struck by lightning.

The accompanying illustration is from a photograph taken from a window in the Rue de Vaugirard, at a distance of half a mile from the tower.

Pineapples in Cuba.

The cultivation of pineapples in Cuba and Porto Rico is being rapidly extended, and the returns on the investment, in which many capitalists in the United States are interested, are said to be good. The area formerly devoted to the culture of pineapples in Cuba was within a radius of twenty miles of the city of Havana, and now it extends over one hundred miles, and in some cases more than two hundred miles from that city

The Napoleon of Japan.

Hashiba Hideyoshi was chief of all the Daimio (feudal lords) of Japan about 300 years ago. He had the great ambition to conquer the whole Empire of China, and despatched his great forces to Corea. Coreans were crushed, the reinforcement from China being defeated. The victors were about to cross the Yalu when they learned that Hideyoshi was dead, so they were compelled to go home and the great enterprise did not succeed.

Baby Born Without Eyes.

A strange freak of nature, and one never before recorded in medical science has been found in the case of the baby daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Weber, of New York. The child was born without eyes.

The child's eyelids, which remain closed, cover empty sockets. There is not the slightest trace of an eyeball.

Colored Race to Have a Flag.

The plaintive wail that "Every nation has a flag but the coon" will soon be a thing of the past. A flag has been devised, and will shortly wave from every staff that tops a colored institution.

Britain's Coal Supply.

The United Kingdom's output of coal in 1903 reached the record figure of 239,323,391 tons. The greatest increase was in the Yorkshire district. The number of mine employees was 842,066, an increase of 2 per cent. over 1902.

New Zealand Exports.

In the year 1903 New Zealand exported the following quantities of frozen meat: Beef, 21,027,464 pounds; lamb, 76,564,464 pounds; mutton, 146,211,528 pounds. The total exceeded the exports of 1902 by 17,000,000 pounds.

Negro Population 9,204,531.

The number of negroes in the United States, including the entire area covered by the twelfth census—continental United States, Alaska and Hawaii and Puerto Rico—is 9,204,531, perhaps a larger number than is found in any other country outside of Africa.

Whole Villages Depopulated.

The Bulgarians wherever possible are emigrating. Entire villages are depopulated and a special steamship service from Salonica to South America has been established for the purpose of transporting the Bulgarians.

A NEW TREATY WITH TURKEY.

Demanded by Many Nationalized American Syrians.

Seventy-five thousand Americanized Syrians will be asked in the next few months to sign a monster petition, calling upon this government to demand a new treaty with Turkey, by which the rights of former citizens of the Ottoman empire, who are now citizens of the United States, will be enforced. Charges are made by Syrian mercnats and prominent professional men in all parts of the United States, that upon their return to Turkey, they are harassed and annoyed by the officials of that country; that they are forcibly held up under pretense of law while traveling from one city to another, and tribute exacted from them for personal taxes, and that other fees are insisted upon, which, as citizens of the United States, they are in no wise under obligations to pay.

The movement for reform is now so widespread that all classes are numbered among those who favor it. Starting in New York City it has extended to every town and hamlet in the country where Syrian colonies may be found. In the large cities organizations have been formed and others will be formed.

A New Safety Lamp.

An absolutely safe lamp, it is said, has ben devised in England. It consists of a circular metal box, the size varying according to the candle power required. In the box is a deposit of salt, over which is a layer of cotton waste specially prepared. Running through the cotton packing in an asbestos wick, woven by hand, which projects through an aperture, and is practically indestructible. By immersing the box in petroleum the cotton waste absorbs the requisite quantity of oil in a few minutes through small lateral interstices. The box being dried externally, the application of a light to the asbestos wick produces a bright, steady white light.

Moreover, it is claimed, absolute safety is assured; the asbestine lamp may be inverted, may exhaust itself, may be thrown or whirled about, but there is no danger, as there is no free oil gas that can be ignited, and, consequently, there can be no fire or explosion. If all that is claimed for it is true, the problem of the safety lamp would seem to have been solved.

Spain Booms Canary Tobacco.

In a report to the Department of Commerce and Labor United States Consul Berliner, at Teneriffs, Canary Islands, says he thinks nowhere else in the world is land held at as high figures as there. Good land with water facilities has been sold at $4,866 per acre. The Consul says in order to help the farmers the Spanish Government has compelled the Government tobacco monopoly in Spain to take from the Canary Islands each year for the next four years 220,000 pounds of tobacco. He says at present the crop amounts to 132,000 pounds, but more will be planted in the future.

Source of Appendicitis.

Dr. Lucas Championiere had something interesting to say about appendicitis to the Academie de Medecine.

He said grip was the original source of appendicitis, which, as a sequel to grip, is more frequent according as meat forms the larger proportion of one's diet. Dr. Championiere is convinced that even where grip has been prevalent appendicitis can be prevented with certainty by the adoption of a diet largely vegetarian and periodical purges.

Monte Carlo for Venezuela.

A large casino of the same class as that at Monte Carlo is to be built at Caracas by the former proprietor of the Ostend (Belgium) Casino. A hotel and a race track will be constructed by the same company. The concessionaires will pay $60,000 a year for the monopoly.

Fewer Inventions in England.

According to the report of the English Patent Office, only 28,832 new inventions were registered last year, a decrease over former years. Fifty-six of the patents issued were for golf balls.

The most marked increase under special classifications was in motor cars and their engine and accessories.

Real Factors of Naval Strength.

In discussing the naval strength of the United States, Rear Admiral Melville shattered the popular impression that displacement and armament are the all important matters to be considered. He declared that "bullion and brains" were the real main factors of strength in determining the relative fighting powers of great nations.

BEES AND BEE KEEPING

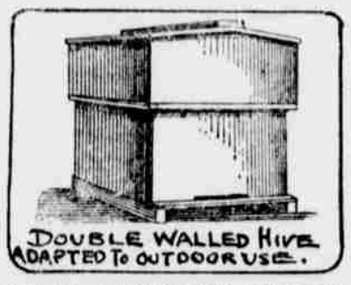
CARE OF BEES IN WINTER.

Cold and Dampness are Liable to Wrought Great Damage.

Cold and dampness are the great winter enemies of bee life. A single bee can withstand very little cold, but a good cluster, if all other conditions are favorable, can defy the most rigorous winters of our coldest States.

The problem is: To retain the warmth generated by the bees, which is necessary to their well-being, and at the same time to prevent the accumulation of moisture in the hive. A simple opening at the top of the hive would permit much of the moisture to pass off, but of course heat would escape with it and a draft would be produced. Absorbent material about the cluster creates without free ventilatioon damp surroundings, and again the temperature is lowered. It is only necessary, however, to surround the bees with sufficient material to protect them fully against the greatest cold liable to occur, and to take care also that this enveloping material is of such a nature and so disposed as to permit the free passage of the moisture which would otherwise collect in the interior of the hive, and to permit the escape into the surrounding atmosphere of such moisture as enters this material from within. This packing should also be fully protected from outside moisture.

Single-walled hives may be employed in most localities with good success in outdoor wintering. On the approach of the cool or rainy season a close-fitting quilt should be laid over the frames and several folded newspapers pressed down on this, or a cushion filled with dry chaff or some other soft material may be used instead of paper. The cover or roof should be absolutely rain-proof, yet between this cover and the cushion or papers should be several inches of space with free circulation of air In order to permit this ventilation above the top packing the cover should not rest upon the cap or upper story all of the way around, or if it does, an auger hole in each end, protected by wire cloth against the entrance of mice, should give free passage to the air. In the more northern portion of the country some further protection is advisable, and is really necessary in the mountainous parts of the same territory if the best results are to be



obtained. Farther north and especially in the cold Northwest much greater protection becomes an absolute necessity. Quilts with newspapers or thin packing above do not alone suffice. The side walls of the hive may be made of pressed straw. These, with top packing, if kept dry outside, are excellent for outdoor wintering, even in climates so cold that ordinary wooden hives do not afford sufficient protection.

Profit and Pleasure With Bees.

"Shall I keep bees?" is a question that evey young farmer, or other person outside of cities, may properly ask himself. There are vast quantities of nectar going to waste in both wild and cultivated plants. Shall he attempt to save a share of it? The answer to this should largely depend upon whether he likes honey. If fond of honey, he will probably give to his bees the attention they require. If indifferent to this form of sweetness, his bee-keeping is not likely to be successful, unless the hope of profit by the sale of honey may stimulate to giving the needful care. The labor required is not great, but it must be given at the proper time. If one is in doubt as to whether he shall keep bees, he should procure one of the several standard works on the subject, and study it. If he has the tastes of a naturalist, he will see that a new and most interesting field is presented, and that honey and wax are not the only returns the bees make to those who observe them properly. All experienced apiarists advise beginning on a small scale. The care of a single colony and its increase, the first year, will give all the instruction needed to qualify one to conduct a larger apiary. There are probably few, if any, localities in this country that are overstocked with bees, and the cultivation of honey plants has become necessary for the sake of their nectar alone.

If you are not prepared properly to care for winter lambs, keep the buck away from the ewe flock until such time as will bring lambs in warmer weather.

Cull out and sell off every old sheep on the farm, if you have not already done so, as it seldom pays to keep a ewe after she is five or six years old.

RADIUM IS MODERN MIRACLE.

British Scientist Finds that "Mystery" is Inadequate.

At the recent meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science at Southport, England, the sectional meeting which attracted the greatest amount of attention was perhaps that of Section A (Mathematical and physical Science) on Sept. 10. It had been announced that the President of the section, Charles Vernon Boys, F. R. S., would in his address speak of the extraordinary properties of radium, and there was a very large attendance to hear him.

Mr. Boys, in discussing the scientific events of the year, characterized the discovery of the properties of radium as transcending all others in their intrinsic importance and revolutionary possibilities. The discovery by Prof. and Mme. Curie, he said, of what seemed to be the everlasting production of heat in easily measurable quantity by a minute amount of radium compound was so amazing that even when one had seen the heated thermometer one was hardly able to believe what one had seen. This discovery, which could barely be distinguished from that of perpetual motion, which it was an axiom of science to call impossible, had left every chemist and physicist in a state of bewilderment.

Further, says Mr. Boys, Sir William Crookes had devised an experiment in which a particle of radium kept a screen bombarded forever, each collision producing a microscopic flash of light, the dancing and multitude of which forcibly compelled the imagination to follow the reasoning faculties and realize the existence of atomic tumult. Thanks to the industry and genius of a host of physicists at home and abroad, the mystery was being attacked and theories were being invented to account for the marvelous results of observation. An atom of radium could certainly produce an emanation that was something like a gas, which escaped and carried with it wonderful properties; but the atom, the thing which could not be divided, remained and retained its weight.

Raced with Boat and Won.

An exciting race between a Kentucky thoroughbred bearing Miss Irene Eldred, of this city, and the steamer Sheboygan took place at Fish Creek, Wis., on Green Bay, several days since, and Miss Eldred won. The steamer, southbound on its return trip, was passing a point of land that juts out into the bay several miles north of the landing pier. Just as it came abreast of the point Miss Eldred, who was mounted, shouted her challenge to Capt. A. E. Johnston and waved her sombrero in defiance. The captain, standing on the bridge of his vessel, understood the challenge, and with a loud blast of the steamer's whistle announced its acceptance. Then the race began. A word to her horse and Miss Eldred's mount dashed off at breakneck pace across the rough, stony road to the beach. The horse responded to his rider's guidance at every turn. At one time he swerved from the road when his mistress turned a second to observe her position, and the horse dashed up to a pile of stone. Nothing daunted by the sudden obstacle, he cleared it as neatly as if he had been used to high jumps all his life.

For a few seconds it looked as if the steamboat would win after all, and the spectators held their breath until an extra spurt on the part of the horse put him a length across the pier just as the boat touched the dock.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

The Force of Appearances.

Appearances make cowards of us all. A lady, shopping in the stores, inadvertently picked up another lady's umbrella from the counter, had the mistake pointed out to her rather frigidly, and, of course, returned the umbrella with apologies. She then remembered that she had no umbrella with her at all; and as it, of course, had begun to rain again by that time, she went and bought one for herself, as well as one for a birthday present to some one else. With the two umbrellas in her hand, she hailed an omnibus in Victoria street; and, as luck would have it, sat down opposite to the very lady whose umbrella she had inadvertently picked up. The coincidence was too much for the other lady. "I congratulate you on your very successful morning," she said sarcastically, as she swept out of the omnibus. Innocence should have asserted itself; but it didn't. For the rightful owner of the two umbrellas found herself speechless and ashamed. —London Chronicle.

Gun Headache.

The sufferer from gun-headache may be grateful for being reminded of a means by which they may be diminished. It is no new thing, and has been in vogue in the navy and with those who are brought into the neighborhood of big gun-firing for many years as a method of lessening the effect of the vibration. It is to hold a piece of india rubber between the teeth at the moment of firing. The vibration and jar are received in some measure by the contractible india-rubber, instead of being communicated with unbroken force from the lower to the upper jaw, and many people who suffer from gun headache have found that this simple device is a great help to them.—Country Life.

The Unlucky Number.

The Visitor—Why are you here, my misguided friend?

The Prisoner—I'm the victim of the unlucky number thirteen.

"Indeed; how's that?"

"Twelve jurors and one judge."—Sporting Times.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of levari facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, APRIL 29th, 1905,

at two o,clock p. m.

All those two certain lots of ground situate on the north side of public street leading from Bloomsburg to Rupert, designated as numbers (3) and (4) in the plot of lots as recently purchased by C. W. Miller from Evaline Rupert being more fully described as follows to wit: Number (3) beginning at a point on said road one hundred and forty-three feet east of the land of J. E. Wilson; thence north twenty-seven degrees twenty minutes west one hundred and fifty-six feet to a stake corner of land of Mary B. Mendenhall; thence along same north fifty degrees forty minutes east thirty-six feet more or less to a stake corner of lot Number 2; thence south twenty-seven degrees twenty minutes east one hundred and sixty-six feet to public road aforesaid; thence south sixty-seven degrees west thirty-five feet to the place of beginning.

Number 4—Beginning at a point on said road one hundred and eight and one-third feet east of land of J. E. Wilson; thence north twenty-seven degrees twenty minutes west one hundred and forty-six feet to stake corner of land of Mary B. Mendenhall; thence along the same north fifty degrees forty minutes east thirty-six feet more or less to a stake corner of lot Number 3; thence along the same south twenty seven degrees and twenty minutes east one hundred and fifty-six feet to public road aforesaid; thence along the same south sixty-seven degrees west thirty-five feet to the place of beginning.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of James C. Brown, C. C. Peacock and Wm. S. Moyer Exrs., of Sarah J. Brown, deceased, vs. Holmes Midgley with notice to H. G. Eshleman terre tenant and to be sold as the property of Holmes Midgley with notice to H. G. Eshleman terre tenant.

W. W. BLACK, Sheriff.

WALLER, Atty.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of a writ of levari facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county Pennsylvania and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid on

SATURDAY, APRIL 29th, 1905,

at two o'clock p. m.

All that certain lot of ground situate in the Town of Bloomsburg aforesaid, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a stake at the south east corner of lot now owned by Wm E. Kauffman on the line of Second street as recently widened by an ordinance of the said Town and extending eastwardly forty feet along the north side of said Second street; thence northwardly parallel with lot of the said Kauffman two hundred and thirteen feet be the same more or less to an alley extending along the south bank of Fishing Creek; thence in a southwestwardly direction the course of said alley about forty feet to lot of said Kauffman; thence southwardly along the line of said lot about two hundred and three feet be the same more or less to Second street aforesaid.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of James C. Brown, C. C. Peacock and Wm. S. Moyer Exrs., of Sarah J. Brown, deceased, vs. William M. Harder and to be sold as the property of William M. Harder.

WALLER, Attorney. W. W. BLACK, Sheriff.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Agreeably to the provisions of an Act of Assembly passed the 12th day of April, 1875, the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bloomsburg Literary Institute and State Normal School of the Sixth District, will be held on the first Monday of May, being May 1st, 1905, between the hours of two and four o'clock, in the afternoon of said day, at the office of the Normal School, in the Dormitory, in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., at which time four persons will be elected as Trustees on the part of the stockholders to serve for the ensuing three years; and at the same time four persons will be nominated to the Superintendent of Public Instruction, two of whom may be appointed to serve for the ensuing three years on the part of the State.

JOHN M. CLARK, Secretary.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

Mary Rambo vs. Jesse Rambo. In the Common Pleas Court of Columbia County. No 68 February Term, 1905.

To Jesse Rambo late of Columbia County, Pa.

WHEREAS Mary Rambo your wife has filed a libel in the Court of Common Pleas of said county of February Term 1905, praying a divorce against you.

Now you are hereby notified and required to appear in said court on or before Monday the 1st day of May next to answer the complaint of the said Mary Rambo and in default of such appearance you will be liable to have a divorce granted in your absence.

C. A SMALL, Attorney. W. W. BLACK, Sheriff.

4-6 4t

CHARTER NOTICE.

In the Common Pleas Court of Columbia County

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the said Court on the first Monday of May, 1905, to wit May 1st, under the "Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," Approved April 29, 1874, and its supplements by Abraham Kline, John McHenry, E. W. Kline, J. P. Hauck and D. J. Foust for the charter of an intended corporation to be called THE McHENRY CEMETERY COMPANY, of Orange Township, the character and object of which is to keep, and maintain a public burial ground, and for these purposes to have, possess, and enjoy, all the rights, benefits, and privileges, conferred by the Act and its supplements.

CHRISTIAN A. SMALL, Solicitor

3-30-5t

AUDITOR'S NOTIDE.

In Re-estate of Clark Roat, late of Hemlock Township, Columbia County, Pa., deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia County, to make distribution of the funds in the hands of Eli Ohl and Taylor Buckle, Administrators of the estate of Clark Roat, deceased will sit to perform the duties of his appointment at the law office of Hon Grant Herring on Main street in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on Friday, April 28th, 1905, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day; when and where all persons interested in said estate may appear, or forever after be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

4-6 4t CLINTON HERRING, Auditor.

Professional Cards.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ent's Building, Court House Square,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, in Townsend's Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on Centre Street, 1 door below Opera House.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor,
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A. N. YOST.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Ent Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office Over First National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Office in Ent's Building,

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Will be in Orangeville Wednesday each week.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg.
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office:—Ent building, over Farmers National Bank. 11-16-99

EDWARD. FLYNN,
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CENTRALIA, PA.
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DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
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BLOOMSBURG PA
Columbia & Montour Telephone connection.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office Barton's Building, Main below Mark
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
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TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

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FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,060,5
Penn'a, Phila	400,000	3,825,160	1,419,8
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,588,918	1,021,6
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	626,
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,384

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
All claims promptly adjusted and paid.

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SADE T. VANNATTA.
(Successor to C. F. Knapp.)
GENERAL INSURANCE
Office 238 Iron St., BLOOMSBURG,
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CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street
Large and convenient sample rooms, bar rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
I. A. SNYDER, Proprietor.
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, bar rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern [illegible]

THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1905.

Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.

Leading Medical Men Say the Disease is in Some Manner Communicable.

The mysterious disease of meningitis that has been puzzling the people, and some of the physicians, the past few months is now on the decline. The New York World in commenting upon the ravages of the disease says:

"Cerebro-spinal meningitis is an imperfectly understood inflammation of the membranes enveloping the brain and the spinal marrow. It is most to be feared in poor and closely crowded quarters of the great cities, yet in rural Silesia it has been so severe that the peasants have fled from its ravages, and in New York a railroad president has died of it in a fashionable hotel. It is very sudden in its attack and causes excessive suffering. New York will not soon forget the description of the agonies suffered by a poor girl who had contracted meningitis and was wrongfully put in a cell for alcoholism. The disease is doubtless in some manner communcable.

"Half a century ago cerebro-spinal meningitis was as little known by name as appendicitis, though as "spotted fever" it had done some execution. It appears to be at its worst at the end of a cold winter, when the general average of vitality is at low ebb. At present Boston and New York are troubled by the disease, but our southern cities, with their milder climate have little complaint to make of it.

"The medical profession is thoroughly aroused to the danger of meningitis and diligently seeking remedies. A cure as successful as the fresh air treatment has proved in consumption or the antitoxin in diphtheria would be invaluable.

Beards As Real Germ Nests.

Allegheny Health Official Explains That It's No Joke.

A Pittsburg dispatch says: When the order was issued several weeks ago to the effect that the long beards worn by many Allegheny citizens would have to be cleansed, as they were excellent propagating grounds for scarlet fever germs, it was looked upon in the nature of a joke by beardless men and as an insult by those who wear beards. In this connection, however Captain James McLaughlin, of the Allegheny Bureau of Health, says:

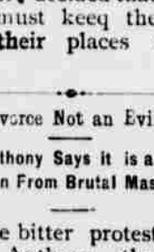
"The matter was neither intended as an insult nor a joke. It is a fact that a great number of cases of scarlet fever last summer were found in families where one or more of the members wore beards. It was therefore decided that this class of people must keeq their beards as well their places of abode clean."

Divorce Not an Evil.

Susan B. Anthony Says it is a Refuge For Women From Brutal Masters.

Over the bitter protest of Miss Susan B. Anthony, the National Council of Women on Friday adopted a resolution pledging the organization to co-operate with church and state to ascertain what are the chief causes which induce or lead up to divorce. Divorce, the resolution recites, is known to cause most disastrous results in the state and family.

"I do not consider divorce an evil by any means," asserted Miss Anthony before the reading of the resolution had been completed. "It is just as much a refuge for women married to brutal men as Canada was once a refuge from brutal masters. I will never vote for a resolution that will cut off women from refuge from designing and brutal men."

A MATTER OF HEALTH
ROYAL


BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

Peculiar To Itself

In what it is and what it does—containing the best blood-purifying, alterative and tonic substances and effecting the most radical and permanent cures of all humors and all eruptions, relieving weak, tired, languid feelings, and building up the whole system—is true only of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

No other medicine acts like it; no other medicine has done so much real, substantial good, no other medicine has restored health and strength at so little cost.

"I was troubled with scrofula and came near losing my eyesight. For four months I could not see to do anything. After taking two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I could see to walk, and when I had taken eight bottles I could see as well as ever." SUSIE A. HAIRSTON, Withers, N. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

Bills Signed By The Governor

Gov. Pennypacker approved the following bills: Providing for the running and relocating of county lines.

Authorizing payment of cost by the county in cases of non-suit in criminal proceedings where the verdict of the jury is set aside.

Relating to churches chartered under the Act of 1855.

Empowering the commissioner of forestry to give the privilege to municipalities to impound water on forestry reservations.

Extending the act creating a broker's tax to all brokers, whether persons, firms or corporations.

Providing for the probate of a will of a person whose death by presumption has been established.

Extending the borough consolidation act of 1893 to boroughs lying in more than one county.

Supplementing the penal laws relating to receiving stolen property and larceny.

No Trouble for Normal.

Normal had no trouble in getting away with Scranton of the New York State League in the opening game of the season on Normal Field yesterday afternoon The playing of the Normal boys surprised the visitors and their base running was a revelation to everyone. But the one bright particular star was Lynch. His strong right arm was in evidence, and it was the one all important factor in landing the victory. In the first inning he retired the side on eight pitched balls, two fracturing the air and the other going out on a little infield hit.

The weather kept many away but still the attendance was quite good. Dr. Cressinger of Sunbury, officiated as umpire, and his work was fair and impartial. The score by innings:

Normal—2 3 3 0 0 0 1 1 x—10
Scranton—0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0— 3

Will Meet in Williamsport.

At the meeting of the Presbytery of Northumberland Tuesday at Mill Hall the invitation of the First Presbyterian church, of Williamsport, to hold the fall session there next September was accepted.

The Northumberland Presbytery consists of 40 pastors, 50 churches, 205 elders and more than 8,000 members.

At the Mill Hall meeting the Rev. G. H. Hemingway of Bloomsburg, was elected Moderator for the ensuing year. Rev. J. H. Graybill, of St. Mary's, was elected reading clerk of this session.

The meeting closed Tuesday evening with a popular session in the interest of the board of missions.

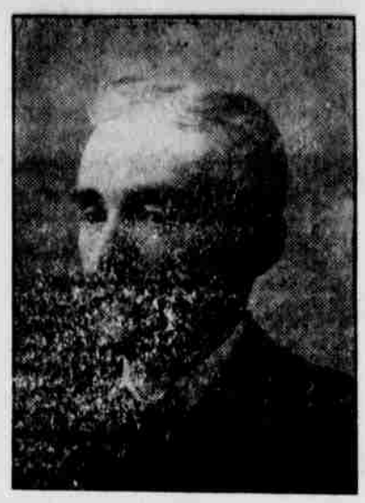
A Cure for Colds

Here is a sure cure for colds of any kind It has been tested repeatedly, and has never failed, and as I used to catch cold, which resulted in a bad attack of bronchitis, I can speak from experience. In cases of pneumonia it will not fail to cure if taken in time. Make a ball of cotton batting about the size of a small marble, saturate it well with alcohol, then drop on to it six drops of chloroform; cover lightly with a thin piece of cotton batting, hold to the mouth, and inhale the fumes, inflating the lungs well. It will open and expand every lung cell instantly.— *Woman's Home Companion* for May.

For a "Quiet" Fourth

Governor Pennypacker has signed the measure prohibiting the use of various forms of blank cartridges, high explosive torpedos, and other very noisy explosive combinations. This refers to July 4th, and manufacturers have cut them out as far as this state is concerned. Next fourth will be nearly noiseless.

WM. BOGERT of Scott Township.



Candidate for the Democratic Nomination for County commissioner.

A Big Electric System.

Electric light franchises have been granted in Sunbury, Selinsgrove and Middleburg to George W. Wagenseller of Middleburg and David Goltstine of Pittsburg. It is proposed to organize a company called Middle Creek Electric Company of which P. H. Harter, of Sunbury, is to be treasurer and combine the local companies of the three places and also of Northumberland, to furnish electric light by means of a water power in Middle Creek, two miles below Selinsgrove, where a tunnel will be dug through Naishe's Mountain for a distance of 1200 feet. A trolley line will be built from Sunbury to Mifflintown.

The Hadley Show.

An appreciative audience greeted the Edwin J. Hadley moving picture show Wednesday evening, and it is safe to say that the highest expectations concerning the entertainment were justified. The program was entirely new and so varied that there was not the least trace of monotony. It would be difficult to say what pictures were the best, they were all good, and the whole entertainment was the most stupendous exhibition of motion views and skilled presentation that has ever been witnessed in Bloomsburg. The descent of the curtain at the close of the show carried with it conviction that the Hadley show is a leader, and far ahead of its competitors.

Improvements at Fairchilds Park.

O. E. Rhinard, proprietor of Fairchild's Park, is making extensive improvements in this popular pleasure resort. The pavilion will be enlarged, a House of Trouble 35x40 feet will be built and the park will be lighted every night. A permanent photograph gallery will be one of the new features. A trolley station will also be built for the protection of passengers.

Fairchilds Park was easily the leading pleasure resort along the trolley road last summer, and the improvements in contemplation will add to its attractivness and increase its popularity.

Will Increase Attendance.

By signing the bill allowing school directors $2 a day for attending county conventions for the election of county superintendents and the transaction of other business of interest to the schools of the county, Governor Pennypacker has made it possible for all directors to be on hand at these meetings. Heretofore directors had to stand the expense themselves and many remained away.

American cigarettes are now being shipped in large lots to the Japanese army. It may not be all up with Russia yet.

Moyer Bros., Will Give ne Week's Treatment Free.

Hand this coupon to MOYER BROS.
Gentlemen: Please give me a Week's Free Treatment bottle of **Dr. Kennedy's Cal-Cura Solvent.**
Name.....
Address.....

We sell and heartily recommend Dr. David Kennedy's Cal-Cura Solvent, the wonderful new Kidney and Liver cure. It is not a "patent medicine." It will not disappoint you. Reputation counts. Dr Kennedy's excellent preparations have been world famous for over 30 years. We will give you a Week's Free Treatment bottle if you simply cut out the coupon above and hand to us. Large bottles, for complete treatment, cost $1.00. 6 bottles for $5.00.

A GREAT PAGEANT FOR AMERICANS

Hundreds of thousands of patriotic Americans were unable to go to Washington to see the Inaugural ceremonies and the magnificent and unique parade on Pennsylvania Avenue, but thanks to the progressiveness of Mr. Lyman H. Howe, the acknowledged leader in everything that pertains to high-art moving pictures, our citizens will have the rare pleasure of seeing these scenes reproduced in all their realism at the Lyman H. Howe moving picture entertainment to be given at the Bloomsburg Opera House on Monday evening April 24. Mr. Howe and his efficient staff of special photographers made elaborate preparations to secure the most advantageous locations, and the result is a comprehensive series of scenes of the most magnificent of all Inaugural pageants—a series which is a credit to Mr. Howe, and only one more proof that it is always his aim to make his entertainments replete with timely subjects. These great scenes should be seen by every American. Secure your tickets now. Under the auspices Bloomsburg Band.

Reduced Rates to Pacific Coast Points.

Via Pennsylvania Railroad Account Lewis and Clark Exposition and Various Conventions.

On account of the Lewis and Clark Exposition, at, Portland, Ore,. June 1 to October 15, and various conventions to be held in cities on the Pacific Coast during the summer, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets on specified dates, from all stations on its lines, to San Francisco and Los Angeles, April 9 to September 27; Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, Victoria, Vancouver, and San Diego, May 22 to September 27, at greatly reduced rates.

For dates of sale and specific information concerning rates and route, consult nearest ticket agent. 20-3t

The Special Policemen.

The special policemen appointed at the last meeting of the Town Council, were sworn in by Mayor Yetter at his office Saturday evening. The following took the oath:

Miles Betz, Charles VanLiew, A. M. Wintersteen, of the First Ward.

C. E. Whitenight, F. P. Baum, Clarence Hower, Arlington Shultz, W. E. Dieterick and D. R. Coffman, of the Second Ward.

Frank Dieterick, S. W. Shutt, Boyd Fry and Frank Drake, of the Fourth Ward.

George Gerringer, H. W. Giger, B. B. Freas, Thornton Freeze and T. L. Smith, of the Third Ward.

Shoot Before Dog Bites.

A jury in the Berks court decided that it is no offense to kill a dog when it attacks a person. Peter Anderson was before Judge Ermentrout charged by F. P. Katerman with cruelty to animals in shooting a valuable setter. Anderson said the dog attacked him once before, and that when it came for him again he shot it. The court, after hearing the testimony of several witnesses, said that Mr. Anderson could not be convicted as the witnesses for the prosecution made out a case for the defense. There is no cruelty to animals in shooting a dog before he gets a chance to bite you, said Judge Ermentrout. The defendant was promptly acquitted and the costs placed on the prosecutor.

Towanda Silk Mill.

A silk mill has been organized at Towanda. The persons interested are F Q. Hartman of Danville, W. H. Evans, M. O'Malley, and E. F. Fuller of Scranton, W. J. Hartman of Shickshinny. The building will be of brick 45x200 feet. It is said that this will be one of a group of the Hartman mills, operated at Danville, Berwick and Shickshinny. Towanda is a prosperous town and is an excellent location for such an industry.

The Hens Get Reasonable.

Unless the hens should fail to do their duty from now until Eastertide indications are that eggs will be cheaper the coming Easter than they have been for some time. The supply now exceeds the demand.

WIDOW'S APPRAISMENTS.

Notice is hereby given that the following widows' appraisements will be presented the Orphans' Court, of Columbia county, on Monday, May 1st A. D. 1905, by the clerk of said court and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed to same within four days they will be confirmed finally.

Estate of Conrad Deitz late of Beaver township, deceased, personalty $300.00.

Estate of Joseph Weiss late of Centre township, deceased, personalty $235.80.

Estate of Robert Crossley late of Hemlock township, deceased, personalty $300.00.

Estate of R. H. Ringler late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased, personalty $300.00.

Estate of Wm B. Wagner late of Locust township, deceased, personalty $300.00.

Clerks' Office, C. M. TERWILLIGER, Bloomsburg, Pa., April, 12, 1905. Clerk O. C.

SHIRT WAISTS - -

The materials used in our shirt waists are finer and better than you will find in other waists at the same price, the variety is greater than ever, the waists are better than ever at similar prices.

WHITE WAISTS $1.00 TO $5.00
SILK WAISTS $2.50 TO $5.00

R. E. Hartman,
SUCCESSOR TO
I. W. HARTMAN & SON
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

A high-class preparation for the hair. Keeps the hair soft and glossy and prevents splitting at the ends. Cures dandruff and always restores color to gray hair.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send $1.00 to R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

NOW IS THE TIME

of year when you think of cleaning house, also of cleaning up the rubbish and foul matter which has accumulated about your premises, to guard against sickness, but do you ever give the second thought to the old built-in unsanitary Plumbing Fixtures which breed disease right in your own houses. If you think of installing

NEW FIXTURES

I am ready to quote you good prices on *STANDARD SANITARY MFG. CO'S Enamel Goods*, all fully guaranteed.

All Jobbing of Plumbing and Heating Promptly Attended to.

P. M. REILLY,
438 Centre St. Bell 'Phone

Time to Think of
Summer Footneeds.

A rising thermometer suggests low shoes. Every woman hails with delight the return of the Oxford season.

"John Kelly"

shoes never before came to us in more attractive styles.

Patents for Sundays and Tans for every day.

The new lasts—the smart patterns—the wide ribbon ties—all deserve your thoughtful attention. The most popular styles at

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Crayons, Framing, Copying and Bromide Enlargements. Made at Short Notice.

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are the leaders. Our lines include the following makes:

CHAS. M. STIEFF,
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BREWER & PRYOR, KOHLER & CAMPBELL, AND RADEL.

IN ORGANS we handle the ESTEY, MILLER, H. LEHR & CO., AND BOWLBY.

This Store has the agency for SINGER HIGH ARM SEWING MACHINES and VICTOR TALKING MACHINES.

WASH MACHINES
Helby, 1900, Queen, Keystone, Majestic.

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BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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(Over Hartman's Store)
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C.A. SNOW & CO.
Opposite U. S. Patent Office
WASHINGTON D. C.

WANTED

MEN AND WOMEN in this county and adjoining territories, to represent and advertise an old established house of solid financial standing. Salary to men $21 weekly, to women $12 to $18 weekly with Expenses advanced each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished when necessary, position permanent. Address Blew Bros. & Co., Dept. 5, Monon Bldg., Chicago Ill. 1-19 24t